The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

NEW YORK.

The Judgment of the Supreme Court in Stokes' Case Affirmed—The Walworth Murder—Another Case of "Insanity"—Gold Sales.

NEW YORK, June 5, 1873.

Simmons, the Alleged Murderer.

John E. Simmons was taken to the Court of Oyer and Terminer to-day for arraignment on a charge of the murder of Nicholas B. Duryea, but the Court having adjourned, he was returned to the tombs.

Board of Immigration Commissioners.

Under the recent act of Congress creating a Board of Immigration Commissioners, the Secretary of the Treasury has made the following appointments: Dr. John M. Woodworth, J. B. Saunders, J. Fred. Meyers, Chas. Collne, J. H. Piper and Helen M. Barnard. The last mentioned is to be assigned to the duty of reporting upon the treatment of women and children on board emigrant ships. Dr. Woodworth will exercise general supervision of the Atlantic seaboard. Another commissioner will go to San Francisco to investigate the condition of Chinese and Japanese immigrants, and others will be sent to Europe to make inquiries and prepare full reports.

The Walworth Murder.

The defence of young Walworth, who shot his father recently, will be insanity. The inquest will be held on Friday next. The mother of the lad visited him at the Tombs to-day, in company with Judge Barbour, a cousin of the deceased. While the scene was affecting, it was not marked by any display of extraordinary emotion. Charles O'Conor, the distinguished advocate, who, it is understood, will be retained for the defence, had an interview with the prisoner.

Stokes' Case.

Judge Sutherland states that he has seen a telegram announcing that the Court of Appeals had given a decision in the case of Stokes, affirming the judgment of the Supreme Court.

Denial.

The District Attorney says it is not true that the grand jury had found indictments against the late District Attorney Garvin and Joseph B. Young, or new indictments against Tweed.

Gold Sales.

The Government to-day sold two millions of gold at from 117.83 to 118.01.

THE RIVERS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A., Pittsburgh, Pa., June 5, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 3 P. M., June 5, 1873:

Stations.	Above low water mark.	Change in 24 hours.	Direction of Wind	State of Weather
	ft. in.	ft. in.		
Boonville	11 9	†0 9	N	Fair
Brunswick, Mo.	24 3	-0 3	S	Fair
Cairo	6 6	-0 2	NE	Fair
Cincinnati	11	-0 10	N	Fair
Confluence	9	†0 5	W	Clear
Davenport	8	†0 3	NW	Clear
Evansville	10	9 -0 10	N	Cloudy
"Fresco" Pa.	2	7 †0 3	W	Fair
Hermann, Mo.	10	8 †0 6		Fair
Jefferson City	14	3 -1 3	NW	Clear
Kansas City	17	6 †0 4	W	Fair
Keokuk	10	5	NW	Fair
Leavenworth	5	†1 3	S	Fair
Lexington	13	5 †0 1	SW	Fair
Little Rock	12	††	SW	Cloudy
Louisville	6	2 ††	NW	Fair
Marietta	4	4 -0 1	NE	Cloudy
Memphis	29	6 -0 5	SW	Fair
Nashville	7	0 -1	W	Cloudy
New Orleans	2	5 -0 1	SE	L't rain
Oil City		5 -0 5	W	Clear
Omaha	12		SW	Fair
Paducah	17	5 -2	SE	Clear
Pittsburgh	3	2 †0 3	N	Fair
Shreveport	27	†0 5	E	Cloudy
St. Louis	25	5 -0 6	N	Fair
St. Paul	14	11 -0 6	7 SW	Cloudy
Vicksburg	39	9 -0 1	SW	Fair
Warsaw	10	†0 3	NW	Fair
Yankton	11	9 †0 3	S	Clear

* Below bench mark.
†Below high water mark.
††No change reported.

JAS. B. MURRAY,
Observer Signal Service, U. S. A.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—River eleven feet; falling. Arrived—Charmer, Evansville; Arlington, Memphis; H. S. Turner, New Orleans; Andes, Wheeling. The Charmer went on the docks. Weather cloudy and warm.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—Arrived—Great Republic, New Orleans; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Molle Ebert, Pittsburgh; Minneapolis, St. Paul; Rob Roy, Keokuk; Park Painter, Upper Mississippi. Departed—Alice, Missouri river; Red Wing, St. Paul; Belle and tow, New Orleans; Hawkeye, Pittsburgh; Mohawk Belle and Piasa, Illinois river; Strader, Tennessee river; Capital City, Vicksburg. River rising. Cloudy and warm.

CAIRO, ILLINOIS, June 5.—Arrived—Wild Duck, St. Louis, 2 p. m.; John Kyle, New Orleans, 6; Julia, Vicksburg, 7; Idlewild, Evansville, 7; Grand Tower, St. Louis, 7. Departed—Wild Duck, Pittsburgh, 3 p. m.; John B. Maud, St. Louis, 5; John Kyle, St. Louis, 7. River fallen 12 inches. Cloudy; indications of more rain; warm.

EVANSVILLE, June 5.—Clear and hot; mercury 76 to 84. Up—Arkansas Belle, 4 A. M.; George Roberts, 6:30 A. M.; Grand Lake No. 2, 9:50 A. M.; Storm No. 3. Down—Morning Star, 11:30; Bowling Green, 2:30 P. M.; Mary Ament, 2:40 P. M.; Silver Thorn, 6 P. M. Business brisk.

MEMPHIS, June 5.—Clear and warm. River declining. Departed—City of Quincy, New Orleans; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Smoky City, Pittsburgh; City of Chester, St. Louis.

NEW ORLEANS, June 5.—Arrived—Sam. J. Hale, Cincinnati; Pauline Carroll, St. Louis. No departures.

VICKSBURG, June 5.—No boats down. Up: Future City and Robt. Mitchell. Arrived: Colorado. Cloudy and warm. River falling.

NASHVILLE, June 5.—River falling; four and a half feet on Harpeth Shoals. Departed—Lawrence, Cincinnati; Mary Davage, Pittsburgh.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Hon. Wm. B. Allison was married to Miss Mary Neally, of Burlington, Iowa, on Thursday.

—The yellow fever has entirely disappeared from Rio Janeiro and the cities on the Rio De La Plata.

—Charles R. Henderson, on trial in Baltimore for the murder of Dr. Merriman Cole on January 6, 1872, has been declared not guilty.

—In the Massachusetts Senate on Thursday a bill appropriating $500,000 for completing the Hoosac Tunnel and its approaches was ordered to a third reading.

—Official information leads to the conclusion that Santanta and Big Tree will probably be removed to Fort Gill, to await further action by the Texas authorities.

—It is the intention of the American Institute of Homeopathy to have an international convention of homeopathic physicians assembled in Philadelphia in 1876 during the Centenpial celebration.

—John Wilson, a packing box manufacturer at Philadelphia, has absconded, after borrowing twenty thousand dollars from friends. He had fallen into his difficulties from a mania for gambling.

—The annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club was postponed until to-day. Twenty yachts started in the race yesterday, but a lack of wind and an unfavorable tide prevented them making the race in the stipulated time.

—The stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad elected the following directors: R. P. Flowers, M. L. Sykes, Jr., Alfred Keep, A. G. Dullman, C. R. Marvin and H. H. Porter. The number of shares represented was 307,566.

—Charles Baugert, aged eleven, and his mother, were arrested in New York on Thursday, and the boy testified that he had repeatedly attempted to poison his father, at the instigation of his mother. The father and mother belong to Brooklyn, but have not lived together for some time.

—There is little or no excitement in Memphis in regard to the cholera, and the impression prevails that with a few more days of fair weather the disease which has prevailed will disappear. The Common Council refused to concur in a resolution of the Board of Aldermen to establish a Board of Health.

—The Texas Legislature has adjourned. The House being four-fifth Democratic, and a Conservative majority in the Senate, all purely Republican measures were repealed, notwithstanding energetic vetoes of the Governor. The Legislature positively refused to ratify the act of the last Leg slature giving a subsidy of $10,000 per mile on 600 miles of the International Railroad Company.

—The steamer Frolic arrived at the Navy Yard in Washington on Thursday afternoon. Secretary Robeson and Commodore Reynolds left the Department immediately on the receipt of the intelligence, for the purpose of going aboard, and giving instructions as to the future movements of the crew of the Polaris, with a view to prompt official action relative to that steamer and her exploring expedition.

—Heavy fires are raging in the woods in different parts of the provinces of Nova Scotia. The woods in the vicinity of Liverpool have been on fire several days, and on Wednesday evening the town was in great danger. Much danger has been done in Pictou county. The fire has swept from the west branch of the River John to the Black river, and on the east branch of the River John for a distance of twelve miles, destroying everything.

—In the City Court of Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Mrs. Mary Lee recovered a verdict for $41,823 against William Young and others. The action was brought to recover money loaned to the wholesale clothing house of William Young & Co., doing business in New York and St. Louis. The firm became bankrupt a few years ago. Mrs. Lee's husband was a member of the firm, and the defendant claimed that the money which he said he loaned the firm was put in as his share of the capital.

CHICAGO.

The Musical Jubilee.

CHICAGO, June 5.—The first of the Grand Jubilee Concerts was given in the immense depot of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and Michigan Southern Railroad this afternoon, to the largest audience ever assembled in Chicago, not less than twenty thousand people being present. The accommodations for the vast crowd were not of a sumptuous character, consisting merely of rough wooden seats, all on a level, but the musical part of the programme was excellent.

The Constitutional Convention.

Executive Department Article Finished—The Article on Legislature Under Consideration.

In the Constitutional Convention, on Wednesday afternoon, the article on Executive Department was resumed and concluded on second reading, the only amendment agreed to being one offered by Mr. Buckalew requiring that in trials of contested elections for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall preside and decide upon the admissibility of evidence, &c.

An addition to the provision for an Advisory Board of Pardons, constitutes the Board of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, by whom all applications for pardons shall be passed upon before their submission to the Governor. The other sections passed, specified the powers and privileges of the several State Departments.

The article on the Legislature was taken up on second reading, and the first sections regulating the mode of passing bills, prohibiting special legislation on certain subjects, were agreed to, with some slight modifications, intended to make the article more consistent with the provisions of other articles.

Finding a vote upon the section prohibiting local or special laws and fixing the rate of interest, and upon other subjects, the Convention adjourned.

THURSDAY'S MORNING SESSION.

The Convention met Thursday morning, President Meredith in the chair.

The Convention resumed consideration of the tenth section of the Report on Legislation, which was finally agreed to, with some immaterial amendments. Sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, relating to public notice of local or special bills, to the duty of presiding officers of each House, compensation of officers and employes, to contracts for stationery and paper, that no law shall be passed to extend the term of any public officer, to raise revenue, to general appropriation bills and their presentation to the Governor were passed as printed in these columns, on their first reading.

The nineteenth section, that "no appropriation (except for pensions or gratuities for military services) shall be made for charitable, educational or benevolent purposes, to any person or community, or to any denominational or sectarian institution, corporation or association," gave rise to debate, and was opposed by Messrs. MacVeagh, Woodward, Corson and Curtin, and favored by Messrs. Carter, Bartholomew and others.

State of British Trade.

The state of British trade is causing serious apprehension in England, that a reaction from the prosperity of the past has already begun. Those who dispute this, can only contend that the present condition of the foreign trade is only that of a temporary lull in the regular and steady advance heretofore made, and to be continued hereafter. The fact is, however, that the exports of Great Britain show but a fractional increase in value and a positive decrease in quantity. In the month of April the exports were of a value of 421,343,026, against £21,033,-516, being a gain of only £310,000, or one and a half per cent. The increase in value of coal and iron alone accounts for more than £1,300,000 of the value of this year's exports for April, so that the aggregate of quantity must be smaller. Of the eighteen principal articles of export of home produce, all but six show a decrease in quantity, and of these six, only cotton manufacturers stand in the first rank of productions. There was a decline in alkalis, coal, linen goods, iron, silk, woolen and worsted goods.

It is stated that English manufacturers are at present in a position which render them unable to yield to the requirements of the coal and iron markets. The decline in coal is not yet sufficiently large to materially reduce the cost of production; and wages, which constitute an important element of cost, being calculated on the basis of prices for the last three months, cannot be reduced without the consent of the workmen, who, of course, insist upon a strict adherence to the contract rates. In South Wales trade is still brisk; but in the north of England, the trade is deranged by serious difference between the iron masters and workmen respecting the output, which threaten to bring the industry of the entire region to a stand still.

Strange Mode of Escape.

On the 29th of May, just as the steamer Contra Costa was about to start from her landing at Point San Quentin, Cal., a wagon was driven down from the prison with what seemed to be a box of wagon spokes. This was soon trundled on board, and set on deck end up, when one of the deck hands heard a voice say, "Turn the box over on its side—turn it on its side." The man surmised that the order came from the captain, but that functionary upon being questioned said that it didn't. Again came the sepulchral and mysterious words: "For Heaven's sake, turn the box over—turn it over!" A voice from the toomb is impressive, but a voice from a box of wagon spokes is harrowing. The captain thought the thing worth looking into, and when he looked into it he found, in this box only four feet long and two feet deep and wide, two convicts who had secreted themselves for the purpose of escape. As the position of the box brought one of the convict's head downward with his companion's weight on top of him, it may be readily imagined that both came out bathed in perspiration and nearly stifled. Very glad the gentlemen were to get out and go back to their old quarters.

Smoking in France.

An anti-tobacco association has been formed in Paris, which has just petitioned the Government to interdict the sale of tobacco to youths under sixteen, and the railway companies to forbid smoking in their carriages and station. The smokers, however, have risen in remonstrance, and claim that anybody may smoke French-grown tobacco, especially the kinds called "Le Petits Bordeaux" and "Le Tonnelets," without any injury whatever. They deny that nicotine is the dangerous element in tobacco, and say that a raw smoker could not smoke a London cigar three minutes without violent nausea, and Havana tobacco contains but one per cent. of nicotine, while he can smoke the French cigars with impunity, which contain eight per cent.; and that an habitual smoker can smoke twelve or fifteen pipes of Caporal without inconvenience, but could not smoke two chibouques of Turkish tobacco, which contains but one half per cent. of nicotine. The statistics, however, are not so effective against the anti-smokers as the fact that the Government is paying its German indemnity very largely out of the tobacco revenue. If it can smoke the Germans out, there is little hope for the anti-smokers.

Criminals in the United States.

According to the latest returns, there are in the United States forty-one State prisons, of which New York has three, Pennsylvania and Indiana two each, and the other States one each, with the exception of Delaware, where the whipping post saves them the expense of a penitentiary. The number of county jails is over two thousand; and there are, besides houses of correction, local penitentiaries, &c., for adults, to the number of twenty-five, chiefly in New York and Massachusetts. The State prisons of this country contain, at this time, about 16,000 convicts; and there were in May, 1872, about 38,500 persons in confinement for various crimes and offences, in prisons of all kinds, in the whole United States. It thus appears that, according to the formula of a sarcastic Frenchman, the detected and convicted are to the undetected part of our population as about one to one thousand. But as the imprisoned part is mostly between sixteen and forty years of age, a truer comparison would be with the population comprised between those ages, and this would give about one to every 450 in a jail of some kind.

Changes in the Currents.

The discussion concerning the fearful calamity to the White Star steamship "Atlantic," although discontinued here, is still an uppermost topic in England. The strongest points made in behalf of Captain Williams are contained in communications which narrate the escapes from wreck of other steamers which were drifted out of their true course and reckoning by the sudden and unknown changes in the currents," to which the coast of Nova Scotia is subject. One of these escapes (to the Cunard steamer Delta, in 1867,) is narrated in a way to chill the blood of sensitive people. Such testimony may help to vindicate the unfortunate Captain of the Atlantic; but if true, and strong enough for that purpose, it should also be strong enough to warn all steamships to give the Nova Scotia cost "a wide birth" at night, if not by day. A place beset with currents so treacherous is no place for ships loaded with hundreds of passengers.

Lectures on Cooking.

At the International Exhibition, now open in London, the principal object this year has been to present a complete collection of the various kinds of food, showing how and from whence they are obtained, and the methods of preparation to fit them for consumption. In connection with this, a large and perfectly appointed kitchen has been fitted, and here every day is delivered a lecture upon some article of food. The history of the article in its raw state is first given, with its chemical constituents and the amount of nutrition it contains. It is then shown what are the best methods of cooking, and as the lecturer proceeds he illustrates his lecture by preparing the article in various ways—frying, broiling, roasting, baking, stewing, and eventually setting before his audience a series of dainty dishes, which have been evoked before their eyes.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE CAPITAL.

Consultation on the Modoc Question—Board of Immigration Commissioners Appointed—The European Mail Service.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1873.

The European Mail Service.

The Postmaster General to-day refused to abrogate the existing contract with the White Star Steamship Line for carrying the European Saturday mail, and said that if the terms of the contract were hereafter properly complied with, it would continue until the 31st of next December, when it expires by its own limitation. The various contracts for the European mail service have been so timed that they will all expire together on that day, and the Postmaster General will endeavor to make arrangements for the ensuing year in such manner as to provide four mails per week for Europe, from New York city, on four separate days.

The Modoc Question.

The President, Secretary of the Interior and General Sherman had a consultation to-day on the Modoc question. This was the first formal consideration of the subject by officers of the Government, and preliminary steps were taken to determine the point at issue, namely, what shall be done with the Modoc prisoners? In the first place, it seems to be the understanding that the Secretary of the Interior has no power of direction in the premises, or, at least, he will take no present action, the Indians having violated their treaty obligations, by resorting to hostilities, and thus placed themselves beyond the care and supervision of the Department. Secondly, the United States troops having conducted the operations against them, their custody belongs to the military the same as of prisoners of war, captured or surrendered, or other prisoners taken in arms against the authority of the United States, and guilty of atrocious acts. Thirdly, these premises being settled, the question as to what shall be done with the Modoc prisoners, whether they shall be tried by a military commission or remitted to civil courts, will be submitted to the Attorney General for the military authorities, for his opinion, which will govern the law in the case, and in this course the President, the Secretary of the Interior and General Sherman are in accord.

WEATHER REPORT.

Midnight Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY,
Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD,
June 5, 1873, 10:40 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Wind: Direction.	Wind: Force.	State of Weather: Last 24 hours.	State of Weather: Present.
Augusta	29.92	74	87	Calm	—	Fair	
Cairo	29.84	74	85	SW	Light	—	Fair
Cincinnati	29.90	70	91	NE	Gentle	—	Cloudy
Davenport, Iowa	29.83	71	73	Calm	—	Clear	
Gainesville	29.92	78	87	SE	Fresh	06	Clear
Indianapolis	29.79	72	91	Calm	—	Cloudy	
Leavenworth	29.81	70	75	Calm	—	Clear	
Louisville	29.80	72	69	Calm	—	Clear	
Memphis	29.84	79	74	SW	Gentle	—	Fair
Mobile	30.01	81	81	Calm	—	Fair	
Nashville	29.85	74	85	SW	Gentle	02	Fair
New Orleans	30.01	81	81	SW	Gentle	04	Fair
Norfolk	29.77	70	97	S	Gentle	01	Clear
Omaha	29.81	73	76	SW	Gentle	—	Clear
Pittsburgh	29.78	68	84	W	Light	—	Fair
Shreveport	29.90	78	90	SE	Gentle	—	Cloudy
St. Louis	29.81	72	82	W	Gentle	—	Clear
St. Paul	29.67	60	65	E	Light	—	Fair
Spring Creek	29.84	68	91	NE	Brisk	—	Clear
Fort Sully	29.84	74	67	E	Fresh	—	Cloudy
Yankton	29.72	71	87	S	Fresh	—	Clear

LOCAL RECORD FOR YESTERDAY.

Mean Barometer 29.78
Mean Thermometer 71
Mean Humidity ..... 83 per cent.
Direction of wind, northerly.
Amount of rain fall, 0.05 inch.
Weather fair.
Highest temperature 80

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, June 6, 1873, 1 A. M.

Synopsis for Past Twenty-four Hours.

The pressure has increased over the New England and Middle States and lower lake region, where clear weather is now prevailing, except over the northern portion of the former. Cloudy weather, with rain areas and southerly winds, have continued during the day from Alabama to Texas; generally clear weather over the South Atlantic States and from Tennessee to the upper lakes and the northwest.

Probabilities for To-day.

For the New England and Middle States and lower lake region, southerly to westerly winds and clear or partially cloudy weather.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States east of the Mississippi, southwesterly to southeasterly winds, with rain areas from South Carolina to Florida and Louisiana.

From the upper lakes to Missouri and Tennessee, generally clear or partly cloudy weather, with probably areas of light rain from Southern Missouri to Tennessee and Kentucky.

For the northwest, diminishing pressure and southeasterly and southerly winds.

Midnight telegraphic reports from Florida, Texas and Michigan are generally missing.

THE INDIANS.

The Yanktons on Their Reservation.

CHICAGO, June 5.—The following dispatch, directed to the agent of the Associated Press, was received here this morning:

YANKTON AGENCY, D. T., June 4, via Fort Randall.—None of the Yankton Indians have left their reservation to join the hostile bands on the Upper Missouri, as reported lately by General Custar. The Yanktons are all at home, attending to their business.

JOHN G. GOSSMAN,
U. S. Indian Agent.

The Last of the Modocs Captured.

SALEM, OREGON, June 5.—The following dispatch was received by Gov. Grover to-day from General J. E. Ross, of the Oregon militia:

HEADQUARTERS LOST RIVER SPRINGS, June 4, via Ashland, June 5.—To Governor Grover.—The Modoc war was ended by the Oregon volunteers at 12 o'clock last night, after a hard march of three days and nights, by the forces under my command. The last warrior belonging to Capt. Jack's band was brought into camp. The captured number five men, four women and three children. The notorious Black Jim is one of the number. I will march the command to Linkville to-day, place the warrior in irons, and await your Excellency's orders.

[Signed] JOHN E. ROSS,
General Commanding O. S. M.

The Governor sent the following reply:

SALEM, June 5.—To General J. E. Ross, Linkville.—If you have any of the Lost River murderers standing indicted in the Circuit Court of Jackson county, deliver them into the custody of the sheriff of said county. Deliver all other captives to the commanding officer of the United States forces in the Lake Basin. Return the volunteers and muster them out. Assure the officers and men of my highest appreciation of their brilliant conduct. On behalf of the State I congratulate you on your success.

[Signed.] L. F. GROVER,
Governor of Oregon.

A Tragedy in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—The *Republican* has a special from Booneville detailing a tragedy which occurred at Billingsville, a few miles distant from Booneville, on Saturday last. It appears that Pat McNamara, a squad boss in a stone quarry near by, discharged three men named Tom Garney, Joe Mason and Pat Murphy. These men were immediately hired by another boss, by the name of O'Neil, which fact was reported by McNamara to the chief engineer of the works, and O'Neil and the three men were dismissed on Saturday evening. O'Neil and the discharged men assaulted McNamara and beat him badly. In the melee McNamara shot and instantly killed Graney, and mortally wounded Mason. McNamara gave himself up, and was discharged on the ground of justifiable homicide.

Riotous Midshipmen.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—The Secretary of the Navy received a telegram to-day from Annapolis, announcing that Midshipmen Young, of Mississippi, Butterfield, of Kansas, Lockett, of Georgia, Rowan, of West Virginia, and Munn, O'Keefe and Gridley, of New York, have all been concerned in an assault upon colored Midshipman Conyers, by an attack with stones. The riotous midshipmen had all failed in their examination, and will be dismissed from the Academy.

—At the session of the American Institute of Homeopathy in Cleveland, on Thursday, a paper was read on the vital statistics of Philadelphia during the year 1872, collected from the registration kept by the Board of Health, showing the relative mortality in a variety of diseases under the old school and homeopathic treatment. This report showed that while the ratio was slightly in favor of the old school treatment in a few diseases, yet in a large majority of them it was largely in favor of homeopathy, and that the general ratio was largely in favor of the last named mode of treatment. Niagara Falls has been selected as the next place of meeting, and the first Tuesday in June, 1874, as the time.

—The insurrection in the province of Entre Rivo, Argentine Republic, continues, notwithstanding vigorous efforts of the Government to crush it.

MADAME NILLSON-ROUZAND recently sang at a *fete* in Paris, given by the Baroness Adolphe de Bothschild, to inaugurate the new galleries of her house on the Rue de Monceau. The prima donna appeared as the personal friend of the Baroness, and in that capacity thought she could not lavish her vocal treasure too much. During the *fete* she sang in five different languages, and was enthusiastically applauded in all.

FOREIGN.

The American Department at the Vienna Exposition Opened—A Tax Levied by Don Alponso in Spain—A Battle Fought in the Mountains of Cuba Between the Spaniards and Insurgents—"Napoleon IV." After a Throne.

AUSTRIA.

The American Department of the Exposition Opened.

VIENNA, June 5.—The American Department was opened this morning and steam applied to the machinery. The novelties surpass those from other countries. President A. D. White, of Cornell University, and ex-Governor E. D. Morgan, of New York, are chairmen of the Bureaus of Education and Commerce respectively.

CUBA.

A Battle in the Mountains.

HAVANA, June 5.—A Spanish telegram states that an encounter has taken place in the Beraja Mountains, in which seventy four insurgents were killed. The Spaniards lost nineteen killed and forty-two wounded.

GREAT BRITAIN.

"Napoleon IV." After a Throne.

LONDON, June 5.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* this afternoon publishes an appeal of the ex-Empress Eugenie to the people of France in favor of her son.

ITALY.

Obituary.

ROME, June 5.—Ratazzi died at nine o'clock this morning at Frosinone. Lanza, President of Council and Minister of the Interior, was with him at the time.

SPAIN.

Carlist Tax Levy.

BARCELONA, June 5.—Don Alfonso has levied one year's tax upon the town of Louistral De Menzrat.

STATE NEWS.

SHAD weighing from six to nine pounds each are being caught in the Juniata river near Newport. The season for legal taking of the fish will end on the 16th inst.

OIL CITY was favored with a tempest of wind and rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning of the loudest and most brilliant character. There was no person hurt, but derricks, sign boards and things were sent flying through the air.

A SHARP young man secreted himself between the partition and an organ in J. W. Ebert's musical and jewelry store, in Altoona on Wednesday, and when the clerk went to dinner came out of his hiding place and stole $1,500 worth of goods. The robbery was discovered soon after, but the fellow cannot be found.

LAST week a young man named Thomas Hanley, a clerk in the grocery store of Shatuck & Limber, in Meadville, mysteriously disappeared, and with him a favorite gray mare belonging to his employers. The mare was afterward found six miles from the city, lying on the road dead, with her throat cut. It is thought to be a case of emotional insanity.

MRS. WAINSRIGHT, who killed her new-born infant at St. Petersburg a short time since, has made a confession saying that the child was born on the morning of the 23d of May. "The reason that I would not acknowledge the child, was that I did not want my husband to know anything about it. I concealed it in a bucket as soon as it was born, but do not know whether it was alive or not at that time. I covered it up with coal ashes—there was water in the bucket—it must have drowned if it was born alive—did not know there was water in the bucket at the time—tried to carry the child off and conceal it, but become so weak that I had to go back." Mrs. Wainsright was allowed to remain at home by the officers in charge of her husband. On Saturday last she thought she would die and desired the presence of a minister, which request was granted. On Monday evening she complained of feeling badly, and desired those around her to go out after medicine. In their absence a wagon drove up to the door. Mrs. Wainsright was helped in and driven off, since which time nothing has been heard of her.

PERSONAL.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS will deliver the annual address before the Tennessee Colored Agricultural and Mechanical Association, in Nashville, during the fair in September.

EX GOVERNOR HOFFMAN, with his wife and daughter, and accompanied by Colonel Robert Lenox Banks, formerly of his staff, has returned to Paris from a tour in Italy and Germany.

THE late Henry Perkins, of the well-known firm of English brewers, Barclay & Perkins, was a great book collector. His library, recently advertised for sale at auction, is said to be worth $400,000.

BEING NOBLE, it appears, don't act so very badly in his dealings with the San Francisco woman, after all. The woman was divorced, and the man Snyder had no claim upon her, so Mr. Doble married her, and there ends the romance.

THE Rev. Abbott Brown has accepted a call to the rectorship of St. John's Church, Jamaica Plains, Mr. Brown is a graduate of Kernton College, Pa., and has been settled in New York and at Madison, N. J. He was for a time assistant to Dr. Wharton, of St. Paul's Church, Brooklyn.

POWERS, the sculptor, is making a new design, which he will call "Blowing Soap Bubbles." He does not anticipate much trouble until he begins to chisel the soap bubbles. How is the sculptor to sculp? A soap bubble, which must be hollow, spherical and apparently suspended in the air, is what bothers Powers.

GENERAL ROSECRANS arrived in New Orleans from Mexico on the 28th ult., The *Republican* of the former city says that he has returned to this country to arrange certain preliminaries previous to the action of the Mexican Government in favor of his railroad project in Mexico, which action, it says, will undoubtedly be taken in a few weeks, as the Congress of Mexico is on the point of holding a special session to take action on the international railroad matters which have been for some time before it.

JIM FISK's remains will have a monument at Brattleboro, Vt. Four allegorical female figures will adorn the pedestal, representing Commerce, the Drama, the Railway, and the Steamboat. The allegorical statues on his monument should appropriately be female figures. He was always surrounded by female figures in life. Why not put marble forms of women around his grave? Instead of the Drama, Commerce, the Railway, and Steamboat, they should more properly be typical of Anonyma, the Lobby, the Age of Brass, and Princess Erie.—*Lancaster Express.*

The Chinese in California.

A San Francisco dispatch states that local opposition to Chinese immigration is taking a definite shape. The supervisors of that city propose to pass an ordinance that all Chinese sentenced to the county jail shall be deprived of their pig tails, levying a tax of $15 a quarter on Chinese laundrymen, and prohibiting the removal of dead bodies to China. The representatives of six Chinese companies have telegraphed to Hong Kong, advising Chinamen to stop coming to California. At the rate of arrivals in San Francisco, since January, a total of forty thousand will be landed during the present year. It costs on an average $45 to bring each Chinaman from Hong Kong to San Francisco. The employment of the Chinese is no longer restricted to menial service in San Francisco. They are being introduced into many mercantile circles. This competition leads the mercantile classes to join the workmen in legislation to exclude them from the State of California. Not one of these Celestials contemplates permanent citizenship. All intend to return home with a competence. Chinese capital and the Chinese race have got a firm foothold in California.

English Revenues.

The English fiscal year closes on March 31st. During the last fiscal year the English revenues were $383,043,850, and the expenditures $353,-572,240, showing a surplus of $29,471,610. Out of this surplus $1,540,000 were devoted to improving the fortifications and military organization, whilst $17,655,085 of the public debt was paid off. On March 31st the British Treasury contained a balance of nearly sixty millions of dollars, more than thirteen millions over the balance at the beginning of the fiscal year. The chief sources of British revenue were 105 millions of dollars from customs, 129 millions from excise duties, nearly 50 millions from sales of stamps, nearly 12 millions from the land tax and house duty, 37½ millions from property tax, 24 millions postoffice revenue, 3 millions telegraph revenue, and nearly two millions from the crown lands. Of the expenditures the chief items were 134 millions interest on the public debt, 72 millions for the army, and nearly ten millions for the purchase of army commissions, nearly 48 millions for the navy, and 58 millions for the civil service. In addition to this the collection of the revenue cost 13 millions, the miscellaneous over 13 millions, the mail packet service 5½ millions, and the postal telegraphs over four millions.

Stylish and Fashionable Clothing

Can always be seen at A. J. Nutting, 42 and 44 Sixth Street.

Dress Suits—An attractive display.

Business Suits in all the newest styles.

Walking Suits, as handsome as any in the city.

Boys' clothing—Always a full stock to examine from when selecting. Every garment of the boys and childrens clothing is made for retail trade. Nutting's stock is are fully selected. Customers will be found perfectly willing to show goods, whether you buy or not. Our motto is low prices, strictly one price, and C. O. D.

Dwellings at Montrose.

The Improvement Trust Company offer at private sale five neat and comfortable dwellings. Examine them before purchasing elsewhere. Great auction sale of Lots Monday, June 9.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE M'KENNAN.

A motion for a new trial in the case of Theodore Williams vs. Angel & Noble was made and argued.

In the case of the Evansville National Bank vs. P. Duff & Sons, action to recover $3,023.13 on a promissory note, a rule to show cause why judgment should not be entered in default of a sufficient affidavit of defence was argued. The rule was made absolute, and judgment directed to be entered.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

[Before Judge McCandless.]

John C. Conner, Jr., Esq., of New York city, on motion of T. C. Lazear, Esq., was admitted to the bar of this Court.

John Boylan, a boy who was tried and convicted at the May term of Court on the charge of cutting open and robbing a United States mail bag at Cresson, Pa., was brought in for sentence. The United States Attorney having moved for judgment, Boylan was sentenced by the Court to a term of one year of hard labor in the Western Penitentiary. It was the desire of the Court and of the District Attorney to have the lad sent to the House of Refuge, but this was impossible, as he had just entered his seventeenth year, and sixteen years is the limitation of age for convicts to that institution. Boylan confessed his guilt.

QUARTER SESSIONS—JUDGE F. H. COLLIER.

On motion of the District Attorney, with consent of the prosecutor, a *nolle prosequi* was allowed on payment of costs by defendant, in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Mary Christ, charged with assault and battery, on oath of Catharine Fielding.

The jury in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Charles Turner, charged on oath of Elizabeth Snively with larceny, returned a verdict of guilty. Turner was alleged to have a sacque and dress belonging to the prosecutrix, of the value of five dollars each.

Nicholas S. Snyder, indicted on the charge of assault and battery preferred against him by Officer Emil Berger, has been sent ninety days to the Workhouse by the Mayor for abusing his wife.

WILLIAM ROBINSON has made an information against Herman Rosig before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, charging him with disorderly conduct in stoning a horse. Warrant issued.

LOUIS KULLMAN has been arrested and brought before Alderman Logan. He is charged with false pretense in presenting an order reputed to have been written by Dr. McClintock, for nineteen dollars' worth of goods, to Messrs. Jessup & Sons, of Wylie street. He was remanded to jail for a hearing this morning.

Crafton.

Free excursion train to sale of McFarland's lots at Crafton, on the Pan Handle Railroad, will leave Union Depot at 9:30 A. M. All are invited. Bring your wives and families.

Every Inducement

That perfection of mechanism can offer will be found in the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine, 116 Market street.

The lots for sale Monday, at Montrose are all eligibly located. Examine them.

Great auction sale of lots at Montrose, Monday, June 9. A pleasant time may be expected.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE TWO WORLDS
CELEBRATED
NAVY
TOBACCO,

lbs., 1-3's and Double Thick 5's.

Warranted to be the Best Goods in the Market.

For sale only by

JOHN WILSON & SON,
297 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

ANDREW KENNEDY has been arrested on Troy Hill, Allegheny, for selling rotten apples.

MARGARET WASMUTH charges her husband, Henry, before Alderman Thomas, with assault and battery.

WILLIAM MCCLOSKEY, arrested yesterday by Officer Emil Berger, has been sent ninety days to the Workhouse by the Mayor for abusing his wife.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 95¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 40½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 117⅝@117¾.

THE denial of Stokes' application for a new trial is reported from Albany. This seals his fate, unless Governor Dix interferes, which is altogether unlikely.

At a meeting of the Pittsburgh Nail Manufacturers, yesterday, the card was reduced from 6½@6¾ to 6¼ per keg; however, there is really no change, as 6¼ has been the actual selling price for some time past. We understand that a similar change was made at Wheeling on Wednesday.

THE Ex-Empress Eugenie evidently regards the time as favorable for the restoration of her son to the throne, as she has published an appeal to the French people in his behalf. In the present situation of affairs, his ultimate restoration wears an appearance of probability. Considerable time, however, must elapse before the people can be sufficiently manipulated to secure a vote in favor of the Empire. Yet there is every indication that this will be the ultimate result of existing complications.

WE ARE always amused when the *Post* attempts to play the critic. It generally manages to overdo it,—and its hypercritical zeal can always be set off with a few extracts from its own columns. The following is a sample of what the *Dispatch* man would call "pellucid" English: "This is significant language, proceeding as it does from mouths so full of Grant's bread and butter, that it is in some surprising that they have lost the power of a distinct articulation; and that when they strive to utter sound sense, the language of freemen, only give vent to gibberish and the adulatory words of sycophants."

NEW YORK claims precedence over us in the matter of State charities. It is affirmed that her charities of all kinds cost nearly $5,000,000 a year, which is about a dollar from each inhabitant of the State; while ours is put at $2,000,000, or about fifty cents for each inhabitant. It is not clear which is the more benevolent State, as each meets the demand that is made upon it. Nor do such statistics show that Pennsylvania is more favorably adapted to the poorer classes gaining a support, as a very large proportion of the New York poor are immigrants. Still, we judge that our mines, and abundant opportunities for unskilled laborers, serve to relieve us from charitable demands.

THE McClure-Baxter fight in Arkansas has broken out afresh. The Attorney General of the State, made application, a day or two since, for a writ of *quo warranto*, against Governor Baxter, and there was an exciting contest in the Court over the motion. The Governor announces his purpose to resist any motion, the design of which is to oust him from office. He claims to have been fairly elected; and, further, that inasmuch as the returns were finally passed upon by the Legislature, they cannot be reopened. Altogether it is a disgraceful fight, and we are pleased to notice that Senator Clayton condemns the whole affair, and admonishes some very plain advice to the contending factions.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY, Queen Victoria, and her Court advisers, are said to be terribly annoyed that the Shah of Persia will persist in bringing with him, on his royal visit, three wives, and possibly ask that they may be received with royal honors. For diplomatic reasons, it is desirable to gratify and please the "King of Kings." But then, to admit polygamy to a court reception, or recognize the institution by conferring equal treatment on the several wives of the worthy Shah, is inexpressibly offensive to the good Queen. Unfortunately there are none so wise that they can see their way through the difficulty, and so wives or no wives, the Shah is to be well treated.

INTIMATIONS come from Washington that a belief is entertained there that an examination of the Polaris survivors will show that they either mutinied or deserted. If the Secretary of the Navy has set up this theory, and seeks in his examination to compel the witnesses to confirm it, he may possibly get the evidence to bear him out. But it is an unfair proceeding. The survivors should be rigidly examined, but without reference to any pre-conceived notions of innocence or guilt; what is elicited, if anything, told separately, shall afford occasion for suspicion, it will then be time for a cross-examination. But we do not approve of the idea of treating them as guilty till they prove themselves innocent. The usual custom is to regard persons accused as innocent till found guilty.

THE Judicial election in Illinois on Monday was not, as the New York *World* labors to show, a condemnation of the Republican party, and an approval of the Democracy. The Republican party, as an organization, did not take part in the contest, simply because the farmers were united in fighting an issue of their own, and there were no political questions that rendered it necessary or desirable to contest with them. If the men nominated had been Democrats, or the farmers had ratified Democratic nominations, and by thus fusing had beaten the Republicans, there would be some basis for the *World's* assertions. As it is, there is none. It was simply a contest between the farmers and the railroads, and with the exception of Judge Lawrence, in Chicago, the farmers elected their men.

CHINESE labor in San Francisco is pronounced a failure. We suppose this simply means that John Chinaman is too shrewd and money-making to serve more cheaply than do others, now that his original contract has expired. The result reached is what might have been anticipated. Of necessity he seeks out the contracts made before coming to this country; this done and he is free, and very naturally refuses to work more cheaply than others. He is not, in all respects, as good a workman as the American mechanic. He is simply an imitative creature, and when he has no copy to follow, is at the end of his ingenuity. Hence he cannot command as much as an American workman, and refusing to work for less, he is getting out of employment. Orders have been sent to China to stop sending laborers.

THE Governor of Oregon has made a demand upon the Secretary of War for the surrender of the captured Modocs. Those believed to be guilty of murder are secured and guarded,—Captain Jack being of the number. Intimations from Washington have been made to the effect that there would be a fair showing of red tape in disposing of the Modocs. First a demand, it was thought, must be made on General Davis, and by him referred to General Schofield, who will refer it to General Sherman, who will turn it over to the Secretary of War, by whom it will be brought to the attention of the Cabinet. If all is right, we suppose the plan was to go over the same round back again to General Davis, by whom the surrender would be ultimately made. The Governor of Oregon, not being sufficiently versed in red tape, has applied to the War Department direct.

THE ANCIENT EGYPTIANS.

We noticed, briefly, a few days since, the action of the Massachusetts Medical Society, by which certain of its members were expelled for practicing Homeopathy. Since then, we have received a pamphlet, published by the Society, which gives us all the particulars of this famous trial. The eight gentlemen expelled, were among the oldest and most reputable physicians of Boston, and the farcical nature of the trial leads us to wonder what may be the grade of the M. D's, who constituted the committee. The charges were substantially, that the gentlemen accused had attempted to disorganize the Massachusetts Medical Society by believing and practicing Homeopathy. Each of the accused took the stand, and each witnessed that he had *not* tried to disorganize said Society, and each testified that he practiced Homeopathy in conjunction with Allopathy; that is, he used the Allopathy system of medicines, where in his judgment, it was best, and the Homeopathic system, when he believed that best. The Secretary of the Society testified that the gentlemen under accusation had never been a disturbing element; other than these there were no witnesses, and this is the pith of the evidence. Of course they were expelled.

With the rival systems of medical practice, We have nothing to do. But we fear that such operations as that of the Massachusetts Medical Society will only serve to injure what it seeks to conserve, and build up what it aims to destroy. The day has gone by, when the people can be forced to accept the dogmas laid down centuries ago. If Science is associated at all with the practice of medicine, it is progressive. And if progressive, there is no system of medicine that is not susceptible of improvement; and if thus improved, he is the wise physician who, unaffected by prejudice, is willing to accept anything that is of real value. To our mind, the physician who accepts what is good, is any and every system of medicine, is a wise man, and when he has carefully investigated all the discoveries claimed, he will still be ready to accept any new developments that may be made. In brief, he will remember that the science of medicine as well as other sciences, is in its infancy, and that continual study and progress is demanded. To prohibit investigation is to play the part of a fanatic.

THE MECANICS' HIGH SCHOOL.

We referred, some days since, to an act passed by the Legislature, looking to the establishment of a Mechanics' High School. We have since received some further particulars relative to this bill, and the proposed action upon it. The Governor had not, up to the time when our article was published, signed it, but has since done so. He feared that if he approved the measure, he would have an elephant on his hands, in the shape of an institution that would be ceaselessly demanding State aid. But when it was brought to his attention that there was a probability of the land being furnished free of cost and a possibility that enough means might be raised by subscription to defray the cost of the buildings, the subject presented itself to him in another light. A committee has now been created, consisting of Governor Hartranft, Mr. Snyder, a manufacturer, and Hon. T. J. Bigham, one of our citizens. This committee proposes to visit this city about the middle of July, and should all appear favorable, we are assured that the claims of Pittsburgh will receive the fairest consideration. We also learn that the Governor is of the opinion that about twice as much land as we spoke of should be furnished, in order that all future contingencies may be provided for in advance. We are of the opinion that there will be no difficulty on this point, and if our wealthy manufacturers will so appreciate the importance of this institution as to come forward with liberal donations, its establishment within our city limits may be regarded as entirely probable.

There should not be any necessity for urging this subject,—and we hope the statement of facts and probabilities given above will be sufficient to prompt the necessary action. We are so situated, that Pittsburgh will be of as much advantage to such a school as is proposed, as the school will be to it. Our manufactories can be availed of, to furnish practical illustrations of many of the studies. In this particular, our advantages over other towns is, that our manufactures are diversified, embracing a great variety of iron working, the manufacture and working of steel, copper works, galvanizing processes, the manufacture of patented articles, in great variety, and also of wooden, cotton and glass articles. It is difficult, indeed, to state in a brief article the varieties of manufacture, carried on here, and all of which involve the use of chemical processes, some of which are complicated and difficult. We have little doubt that nearly all of these manufactories might be availed of for the explanation of studies,—a visit on the part of the students, and personal observation adding the advantage of object teaching to their text book recitations.

On the other hand, such an institution will be of great advantage to Pittsburgh. It will be fostered by the State, and for many years, must be the only Industrial school within the limits of the Commonwealth. The attention, not only of citizens of our own State, but of others as well, will be attracted toward us, and it will serve to give prominence and importance to the city. It is to be said, regretfully, may be, but none the less truly, that Pittsburgh has not achieved such reputation as an educational centre. We have, it is true, some very excellent schools and colleges, but none whose reputation gives lustre to the city. Yale and Princeton and Harvard give reputation to the respective towns and cities, within whose limits they are located. Princeton, without its college, would be nothing, and New Haven is made famous, chiefly by Yale. But who thinks of Pittsburgh, through any of its institutions of learning? This ought not to be. In place of being regarded as a city that is duly baptized in smoke, and that resounds with the clank of hammers and the roar of forges and furnaces, it ought to be seen in its regeneration, and thought of as the centre of one of the most efficient and practical educational institutions of the Commonwealth. It deserves this. It has broken through the hills that engirdled it, and has, within a few years, been improved by the erection of beautiful residences in its newly acquired territory. It is worthy of being vivified; and should our citizens think it proper to contribute of their surplus wealth, for the erection of such a building as is needed for a Mechanics' High School, we are persuaded that the school will in return honest the city by attracting attention toward it, but more by giving us men trained in the sciences which underlie our great industries.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE Republican primary meetings will be held in Butler county next Saturday.

THE Republicans of Indiana county will hold their primary meetings Saturday, June 7th.

GOVERNOR STRAW of New Hampshire, was inaugurated yesterday. He recommends the Local Option Law as the best method of restraining intemperance.

J. M. JONES, G. M. Barber and T. O. Griswold were nominated yesterday by the Republicans of Cleveland, as candidates for Judges of the new Superior Court about to be organized there, under the recent act of the Legislature.

NELSON DINGLEY, JR., editor of the Lewiston *Journal*, has the inside track for the Republican nomination for Governor of Maine, and Joseph Titcomb, of Kennebunk, is likely to be the opposition candidate. Election in September.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A STATE election will be held in Wisconsin on the 4th of November next, when there will be a chance to test the strength of the farmers' movement. A Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and other officers are to be chosen. Over 500 farmers' lodges have been organized in the State.

A CONVENTION of the Republicans of Greene county, to be composed of two delegates from each township, will meet in Waynesburg on Tuesday, June 10, at one o'clock, P. M., for the nomination of candidates for county officers, and delegates to the State Convention, Primary meeting, June 7.

THE late Republican primary election in Venango county resulted as follows: For Assembly, McCreary 1,539, scattering 1; Treasurer, Mackey 1,198, Bich 1,040; Commissioner, Lyttle 1,332, Porter 454; Auditor, ——— 1,166, McComb 1, McCracken 229, Bredin 579, Swift 589; Coroner, Hoge, 619, Barland 364.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The reports which have gained circulation that the cholera prevails in St. Louis are entirely untrue.

Two negroes were killed and five wounded at Keyport, New Jersey, on Wednesday, by the fall of a frame building.

SECRETARY DELANO, General Sherman and the President had a long consultation on Thursday on the disposition to be made of the Modoc prisoners.

THE steamer Frolic, with members of the Polaris expedition on board, was intercepted off Sandy Hook by a Government boat and ordered to proceed direct to Washington.

A SMALL party of Osage Indians attacked some herds of cattle on the New Ellsworth trail in Kansas, last Saturday, and killed and scalped a man named Chambers. One Indian was killed.

THE body of a German, J. Behrens, was found floating in the river at the foot of Freeman street, Cincinnati, on Wednesday. From a note found on his person it appears he committed suicide on account of poverty.

A TORNADO at Winnemucca, Nevada, on Wednesday, blew down the tents of the New York and New Orleans Circus Company, causing a great panic. Several men and women were seriously injured, but none mortally.

BY the falling of a scaffold in the depot building of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, in Chicago, now being used for the Jubilee Concerts, two painters, John Olsen and Wm. Conley, were thrown from near the roof to the floor below and were both killed.

FIFTY feet of the east wall and thirty feet of the floor, from garret to cellar, of the Pomeroy (Ohio) flouring mill, fell on Wednesday, carrying with it four thousand bushels of wheat and two thousand bushels of corn. It was caused by an earth slide. Several persons narrowly escaped injury.

THE North German Government is looking for one G. O. Glavis, charged with swindling a large number of Germans by selling them worthless bonds and western lands on the representation that the bonds were a valuable investment, and that the lands were eligibly located and fast increasing in value.

ALDERMAN WILBY, of Lancaster, Pa., has, during his several terms, (fifteen years) brought 9,661 suits, collected over $150,000 on judgments, etc., committed to prison 3,523 persons for vagrancy and drunkenness, heard 3,253 criminal cases, committed to prison over 3,000 prisoners, and married 55 couples.

STATE NEWS.

THE Williamsport riot cost the State about $14,000.

THE cut worms have been very destructive on corn in Greene county.

HOLLIDAYSBURG has organized a permanent "Memorial Association."

PARKER'S LANDING is rapidly recovering from the effects of the late fire.

SATURDAY, May 31st, is set down as the coldest day of the month in Greene county.

HOW pleasant it must be to dwell in Clearfield county these hot days. They had frost there a few mornings since.

THE sad confession is made by a Huntingdon paper, that "local option" seemed to be a dead letter in that village on Decoration Day.

OF the 1,382,400 acres of land in the Pennsylvania oil region, drilled over and accepted as oil territory, only 5,444 acres have ever produced oil.

THE Reading *Times* thinks all of Mahoning City's boys are not four legged, because a man out there ate three hundred oysters and bet he could eat four dozen more.

REV. J. K. PLITT, pastor of the English Lutheran congregation of Greensburg, has received a call from the Lutheran congregation of Catasauqua, in Lehigh county.

THE eighth annual meeting of the Westmoreland County Sabbath School Institute will be held at Mount Pleasant, Pa., on Tuesday and Wednesday, June 10th and 11th, 1873.

THE sheriff of Elk county offers a reward of three hundred dollars for the return of James Crook, John Kelly and Patrick Gleason, who escaped from the jail of that county a few days since.

MISS VANVOORHIS, daughter of L. G. Vanvoorhis, of Dunkard township, Greene county, who recently attempted suicide by shooting herself with a pistol, is recovering, and converses freely and pleasantly with visitors.

LIEUT. COL. MICHAEL SHERIDAN, younger brother of the General, and one of his staff, was married in Chicago, on Tuesday, 27th ult., to Miss Maggie Rhey, daughter of John S. Rhey, Esq., a former citizen of Kittaning, Pa.

THE Chartiers Woolen Mill is again in operation. We hope there will be no occasion hereafter for a suspension of such establishments as they are the life of the community where they are located.

EVERETT, Bedford county, until last week, had been but one fire during twenty years. On Wednesday another disturbed the even tenor of their way. The foundry of Frederick Fallon was destroyed, involving a loss of $7,000.

MR. JACOB BRIGGLE and Wm. Moore, we understand, have purchased the Waynesburg and Washington Mail and Stage Line from Edward Seaton, of the latter place, and are making some improvements in the "rolling stock" on this road.

A PINE tree was felled in Vernon township, Crawford county, recently, which brought $250 after it had been sawed up into logs and lath. Forty-four logs (11,000 feet) ranging from ten to twenty—two feet in length were produced from it and 4,000 lath.

FRANK NICHOLS, pound master of Erie city, slept in a window sill for comfort the other night, and was rudely awakened from his slumbers when he bounded—rather hard—the pavement, thirty-five feet below. No bones were broken, but his internal injuries are severe.

MRS. ELECTA LYON, wife of the late James Lyon, Esq., of Beaver, on Friday last reached her ninety-first birth day, and celebrated the event by gathering around her on that occasion all of her children now residing in the vicinity, and together partaking of a family dinner.

A WEAK-MINDED inmate of the Northampton County Almshouse has fallen heir to seven hundred thousand dollars by the death of a wealthy uncle. He does not comprehend his changed condition, however, and declines to be removed from the room which he has occupied for over twenty five years.

NOTWITHSTANDING Erie is now blessed with eighteen churches, a Young Men's Christian Association, a Spiritual Circle, a temple for the discussion of "free thought," a Hebrew synagogue, three or four newspapers, and other means of grace, its police force had to be increased the other day, and now musters fifteen.—*Titusville Courier.*

A CANDIDATE in Adams county, Pa., makes the following liberal offer to the voters of that section: "I have obtained an exclusive right from the President of the United States for an improvement on the washing machine.—If I am elected, then I give to the county of Adams, for ever, one to make, use and sell as they see proper. I ask for this your votes."

LOCAL OPTION in Westmoreland county encounters opposition. The liquor dealers, it is said, have concluded to open their bars and sell, and if they are indicted to stand their trial. If convicted, they propose to take an appeal to the Supreme Court, and they think it will take two years to have the matter settled, and by that time they will have some change in the law effected.

The Waynesburg *Republican* knocks the plus from under that romantic story, now going the rounds of the press, about the wild girl of Greene county, the only peculiarities about the "girl"—now thirty years old—are that she is insane, afraid of strangers, and occasionally, in the summer time, spends several days at a time in the forest, as is the habit with such people.

THE Junior Order of the United American Mechanics will hold the annual meeting of the State Council at Newport, Pennsylvania, July 15. A parade of the various Councils will take place, to which all the Councils in the United States have been invited. The annual address will be delivered by Bro. Charles E. Voorhees, of Philadelphia, and the Marshal of the parade is Bro. Harry Stites.

A FEW days ago, there was an extraordinary amount of rain fell at Johnstown and eastward for several miles up the mountain. It is said by those living along the Conemaugh river that it rose about four feet in less than thirty minutes. The water came rolling in with the sweep of the sea. It was the most rapid rise in the stream that the oldest inhabitant has any recollection of.

THE Washington County Medical Society has chosen the following officers: Dr. Morrison, President; Drs. Linn and Scott, Vice Presidents; Dr. Thompson, Secretary and Treasurer. Drs. Bachtler, McKennan, Morrison and Carey, are delegates to the State Society, which meets at Carlisle, the second Wednesday of June. The following named gentlemen were elected members of the Society, at the last meeting: Drs. Morman, Reed, Bradley, Keys, Reichard, and Kernan.

ON Tuesday last, the Grand Temple of the Order of True Templars of Pennsylvania, a temperance organization, held their semi-annual session in Kittanning, continuing through Wednesday and Thursday. Delegates were present from Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Brady's Bend, Leechburg and other places. The Social Temple was also in session at the same time. The meetings were harmonious and satisfactory. The annual meeting takes place at Philadelphia in November.

ONE of the coaches on the Waynesburg and Rice's Landing stage line, driven by Peter Sypher, while on its way from the river on Wednesday last, capsized near Mr. Daniel Moredock's, pilling the eleven passengers, driver and baggage in one conglomerated heap. There were several ladies and one or two aged gentlemen on board at the time, but strange to say, no serious hurts were sustained by any of the party, and the only damage done was a terrible "mussin' up" of the women.

CONCERNING the old-time observance of Whit-Monday by the Dunkards in Cambria county, the Johnstown *Tribune* says: "Some twenty years ago it was customary for our country cousins of this persuasion to come to town, and, forming a procession, to march around the streets under the leadership of a lady selected for that purpose, and exercised her lungs on a long tin horn. Adam Fockler would always prepare an extra quantity of gingerbread and sprace beer for that day. This custom has fallen into disuse."

MRS. ELIZABETH WELCH died at her residence in Smith township, Washington county, on the 10th of last month at the advanced age of ninety-three years. She lived on the farm where she died for a period of seventy years, and during her long life enjoyed almost uninterrupted health. She raised a family of ten children, and leaves fifty one grand children, sixty great grand children, and two great grand children. Some time before her death her picture was taken in a group with her daughter, grand daughter, great grand daughter and great great grand daughter—the latter a child of two years—thus showing five generations in the group.

THE famous Ringgold Band of Reading has dissolved. The ghost of an old debt was too much for it. It was one of the best brass bands in the country, and will be remembered as among the fine bands that visited Pittsburgh during the last Soldiers and Sailors' Convention. *Pittsburgh Gazette*.—This is an error. The Ringgold Band is still in existence, and is as fine a musical organization,—*Reading Times.*—Really now we are glad to hear that our original authority for the statement—the Lancaster *Examiner*,—was wrong for once, and that the famous band will continue to ring out its melodies hereafter as in the past, for pleasure as well as gold, and we hope that the pleasure it gives will bring a sufficient return of gold to forever keep at bay that grim foe of all happiness—debt.

THE Beaver *Argus* learns of the following case of petrifaction near Baden, Beaver county: Twelve years ago a river man named Logan, was buried on Mr. Dippold's farm, near Baden, in that county. A couple of weeks ago the deceased gentlemen's relatives concluded to remove the remains to the cemetery at Freedom, and on removing the earth and opening the coffin, they were no little surprised to find that Mr. Logan's body, instead of decomposing and returning to dust, had become petrified and assumed all the properties of stone. Rumor also says that when Mr. Logan was buried, twelve years ago, his beard was shaved off close to his face. In his petrified state his beard is some six or eight inches long. If this is so, the circumstance is singular enough, to excite the attention of scientific men. The exhuming of Mr. Logan, his petrified body, and the alleged growth of his beard, has occasioned a vast amount of talk in that neighborhood, and curiosity has been on tip-toe ever since the facts became public.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.

ASSETS January 1, 1873 ..... $778,251 56

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from 6, 7 to 8 o'clock. Interest will be paid from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Winnick, John S. Dilworth, F. Hahn, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Sadler, Solicitor.

Second Hand Scales.

2 400 lb Portable Scales, Fairbanks.
1 2,500 lb Rolling Mill scales, Davis.
2 4,000 lb Rolling Mill scales, Fairbanks.
2 Flig Mesta scales, Novelty Works.
2 2,500 lb Dorman Scales, Fairbanks.
1 8 Ton Wagon Scales, Fairbanks.
1 3 Ton Wagon Scales, Kee'e.
1 20 Ton Track Scales, Richie Bros.
The above are all in good condition and will be sold low.
W. A. McCLURG,
Agent Howe's standard scales,
sep27-mwf 68 Wood street.

PERSONAL.

JAMES WATSON WEIR is at Vichy.

EX-GOVERNOR J. B. PAGE, of Vermont, is in Paris.

THE Garter vacant by the death of Lord Zetland has been conferred on the Earl of Leicester.

THE report that Mme. Loyson, wife of Father Hyacinthe, has a son and heir is contradicted.

THE Marquis of Westminister has given a site for a lecture hall to a workingmen's club in London.

LORD NIGEL KENNEDY has become a bankrupt with no assetis. He has the mis-fortunes of Nigel."

HON. HENRY L. DAWES is going to Europe soon, to remain till the opening of the next session of Congress.

MINISTER BANCROFT'S wife and her daughter, Mrs. Bliss, have returned to Berlin, having spent the winter in Italy.

LYDIA THOMPSON made more than $100,000 by her last season in this country, a London newspaper asserts, and yet you wonder at the increase of crime.

BISHOP PADDOCK, who accepts his election, ought to make a good pastor; but change of pasture, in this case, will not insure to fatness, for he leaves a salary of $10,000 for one of $6,000.

AFTER years of litigation, the wife of General Simon P. Buckner has been finally secured in the possession of one-half of the large Kingsbury estate in Chicago, by the decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois.

THE Shah of Persia will visit England with three of his wives. Queen Victoria will receive him with the usual royal honors, but there is some difficulty as to the reception of his wives, as to receive all three would seem like countenancing polygamy.

SUE MASON, of Madison county, Illinois, is described as one of the most exquisitely beautiful girls in the world. Four young men have drank themselves to death on Madison county beer within the last year on her account, and now a Mrs. Gaines is trying to show that Sue is in partnership with an Alton undertaker.

SUSAN B. ANTHONY told the women property-holders of Rochester, last week, to refuse to pay taxes until they are allowed representation. She knew a women in that section, who had not paid a cent of taxes for six years, though a large property holder; she had been repeatedly called on by collectors, but the authorities had never troubled her for non-payment of taxes.

WHO SHALL LIVE?

The struggle for wealth and fame and honor and dignities was never greater than now. But who struggles for health and virtue and these other important considerations which tend to lengthen life and render its offices useful and agreeable? Did you ever reflect over the truth that the beginnings of disease were easily overcome; that Consumption was a curable malady if timely heed were given to its first invasion; and even after it is located, Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure will eradicate it from the system and restore health and vigor by a persevering use. Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is a life-renewing medicine; under its influences the whole body is made over and every function of life takes on a new and vigorous action. Get the Doctor's pamphlet at his office, 167 Liberty street, or send for it by mail.

Dr. Keyser's office hours from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 until 6.

SECRETS OF BEAUTY.

Beauty is a gift bestowed on woman, with which to gladden the eye and heart of man. Have but pretty faces been given to many? Do they not sting it still? Then be our full of it, you who have it not. Study the laws of health, the use, the names—at more than all, the complexion. With a soft, peachlike complexion, a woman is always beautiful and may be considered a good-old age with a very little trouble; to a great extent it can be acquired, and it can always be improved. The secret is, to put the blood pure. Should there be any symptoms of pimples or eruptions on the skin, avoid external applications of any remedies. The trouble is in the blood. Purify it by using the SARSAPARILLA OF DR. JAYNE'S HEALTH PRESERVER, and be assured the whole matter of those who are asked to use them will soon vanish like a bad dream.

JAS. E. URNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. M. FABER,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,

IRON AND WOOD WORKING

Machinery,

STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

Orders Solicited.

JAS. LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.

Littell & Mechling,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

OLD RYE WHISKY,

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

237 Liberty
AND
244 Penn Streets.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FURNITURE,

AT REDUCED PRICES, AT

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS',

97, 99 and 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER, DINING ROOM, HALL and OFFICE

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FIRE CLAY,

WATER PIPES,

CHIMNEY FLUES

And Chimney Tops.

HENRY H. COLLINS
138 Second Avenue.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL

Phœnix Steam Brewery,

SPENCER, McKAY & CO,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS,

ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,

PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.

Hazard Powder Company's

SPORTING AND MINING POWDER.

I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and others by KEG or CAR LOAD,

AT LOW PRICES.

Safety Fuse constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, Oaks Irwin street, PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

Some Live Bargains!

AT 37½ CENTS.

LADIES' WHITE CORSETS,

ALL SIZES—VERY CHEAP.

NEW HATS AND BONNETS.

P. K. Hats, Gingham Sun Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c.
Fine Scarfs, Ruching, Ladies' Neck Wear.
Gloves, Hosiery, Laces, Collars,
Skirts, Bustles, Corsets, &c., &c.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

AT 62½ CENTS—SLIGHTLY SOILED

GENTS' WHITE PIQUE VESTS

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

A $2.00 GENTS'
Double-Breasted White Pique Vests,
VERY LOW.

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains
AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa

Bargains, Bargains
IN
Black Llama and English

Thread Lace Goods

AT

Jos. Horne & Co.'s

RETAIL.

Llama Lace Sacques at	$ 8 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	10 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	13 50,
Llama Lace Sacques at	15 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	17 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	18 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	20 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	25 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	28 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	30 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	33 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	35 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	37 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	40 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	45 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	50 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	55 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	58 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	60 00,
Llama Lace Sacques at	65 00.

Llama Lace Points

At greatly reduced prices.

Llama Lace Fichus, Capes, Sashes and Berthas.
Tan Lace Sacques.
Black English Thread Lace Sacques.
Black English Thread Lace Points at much less than real value.
Black English Thread Lace Berthas.
Cream Spanish, Italian, Vein and Silk Blonde.
Black Thread Laces, from narrow to Flouncing widths.

HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.

Country Merchants

BUYING

DRY GOODS

AND NOTIONS

Will find Newest Styles, Largest Stock and at BOTTOM PRICES at

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.'s

NEW STORE,

239 AND 241
LIBERTY STREET.

NEW GOODS.

A FULL LINE OF LINEN SUITS.
All the new styles in

Parasols, Dress Goods,

In great variety.
LACE CURTAINS and MARSAILLES QUILTS, just received.

H. J. LYNCH,
No. 96 Market Street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

MAY, 1873.

SEASON STOCK.

CARPETS,

Choice Styles,

LARGE ASSORTMENT.
PRICES LOW

Bovard, Rose & Co.,

21 Fifth Avenue

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
PROCTER & GAMBLE'S
Mottled German Soap.

This Soap has been sold for more than 18 years. It is Economy to buy it, as it is sold at the price of ordinary soaps and does more service, being lather than water, yet washes easy. You can buy it of your nearest grocer.

This Soap is packed *Honestly*. Can you afford to pay for what you do not receive?
J. E. HUNTER,
Jobber Wholesale Agent.

SOLD BY
Arbuckles & Co., Dilworth Brothers, Watt, Lang & Co., T. T. Jenkins, J. S. Dilworth & Co., Haworth & Dewhurst, S. Ewart & Co., and others.
jel6-mtu

PITTSBURGH TAR

CHEMICAL WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF

Pitch, Iron and Asphalt Varnish, Carbolate Powder, the Universal Disinfectant—Carbolic Acid, Crude and Purified Benzoles, and other Products of Coal Tar.

Office—No. 62 FIFTH AVENUE, UP STAIRS. WORKS—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

Caperton's Dining Rooms,

60 MARKET STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

Tables furnished with the best the market affords in its season. Meals from 6:30 A. M. to 12 o'clock P. M. sep18-54

NEW BURLINGTON HERRING—The first of the season, just out of smoke. Just received, and for sale by the box or dozen, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

DRY GOODS.

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

Another fine lot of Extra Heavy

BLACK SILKS!

At $1.50, pure Silk, cheap at $2 50. Extra value.

Plain and Striped Black Hernanis.
Striped Hernanis and Grenadines, in new colors.
Lawns, Chintzes, Summer Goods, &c., &c.
Linen Lace Points.
Linen Lace Sacques.
Linen Lace Capes and Collars.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

AT 62½ CENTS—SLIGHTLY SOILED

GENTS' WHITE PIQUE VESTS

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

A $2.00 GENTS'
Double-Breasted White Pique Vests,
VERY LOW.

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains
AT

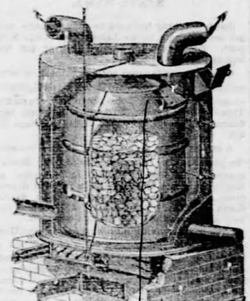
WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa

STOVES, RANGES, &c.

THE

FIERY FURNACE,



MANUFACTURED BY

Graff, Hugus & Co.,

ALSO,

MILES' IMPROVED

Star Range.

Improved Double-Oven

BOSTON RANGE,

VAN'S PATENT

PORTABLE RANGE

Parlor and Cook Stoves,

Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

206 and 208 Liberty Street

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between John S. Hall, Alexander Speer and William W. Speer, under the firm name of HALL & SPEER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, John S. Hall having sold his interest in said firm to Alexander Speer. All persons indebted to said firm will make payment to Alexander Speer and William W. Speer, and all parties having claims against said firm must be presented for settlement.

JOHN S. HALL,
ALEXANDER SPEER,
WILLIAM W. SPEER.

PITTSBURGH, June 4, 1873.

In withdrawing from the firm of Hall & Speer, I cordially recommend my successors, Alexander Speer & Son, to the patronage of my former customers and the public at large.

JOHN S. HALL.

PITTSBURGH, June 4, 1873.

ALEXANDER SPEER & SONS,

(Successors to HALL & SPEER.)

Pittsburgh Globe Plow Works,

Manufacturers of every description of

PLOWS, HARROWS AND CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS, SCRAPERS.

Steel Plow Molds made to any shape or pattern

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
FOR SALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather
BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL, - - - $300,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, Cashier.
D. K. DAVIDSON, W. H. BROWN,
E. E. HAWKINS, G. FOLLANSBEE,
C. C. MARKLE, J. SEMPLE,
J. H. ROELAND, M. KENNEDY.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Drafts. Special attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....AS. N. HILL.
FOR SALE,
City of Pittsburgh
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.
ALSO NO. 1
Municipal and School Bonds.
Bearing Ten (10) per cent. Interest, Payable semi-annually.
We have examined these Bonds carefully, and can recommend them as a safe and paying investment. Parsimonious investors are invited to purchase these Bonds both as a protection against loss, theft and fire, and for greater convenience in collecting the interest.
Those who wish to reconstruct their investments, and those who wish to increase their income from moneys already invested in other less profitable securities, will do well to examine the merits of the above Bonds.
DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, June 5, 1873.

Money continues in abundant supply, and the market accordingly rates easy. The demand at present is quite limited, and the banks accommodate readily all customers. The rates remain about as previously quoted, 6@12 per cent. per annum for first-class paper. Below will be found the current rates at Chicago, Cincinnati, Boston, Philadelphia and New York, besides those of Pittsburgh. Local securities continue rather inactive. Real estate is looking up. Quite a number of sales were effected during the day, and as we predicted some time since, the season is just commencing. Our columns contain announcements of eligible building sites, which purchasers would do well to consult. Among the number are Homestead Terrace, Ninth ward, Allegheny, adjoining House of Refuge, Mount Lebanon, Crafton, &c.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of Bonds and Stocks from the latest advices by telegraph.

	Wednesday.	Thursday.
Gold	117¼	117⅝
U. S. 5-20s—1861—coupons,	122¾	122⅞
" 1862	116¾	116¾
" 1865	118¾	118¾
" 1865 new.	119¾	119¾
" 1867.	121¾	121¾
" 1868—coupons.	120	120
10-40s.	112¾	112¾
7-30s—coupons.	104¾	104¾
Currency 6's, ex coupons	113¾	113¾
New 5 per cents	115¾	115¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central.	101¾	101¾
Erie.	42¾	42¾
R. H. & E.	7¾	7¾
C. C. & I. C.	31¾	31¾
St. Paul	54¾	54¾
Do. preferred	75	75
Michigan Southern.	91¾	91¾
Do. Central	104	104¾
North Western, Common	84	84
Rock Island.	110¾	108¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	87¾	87¾
Ohio & Mississippi.	40	40¾
Western Union Telegraph.	84¾	84¾
Ohio & Mississippi.	28¾	28¾
Union Pacific	28¾	28¾
Toledo & Wabash	69	69
Adams Express.	94	94
Fort Wayne.	93¾	94¾
American Express	68	67¾
U. S. Express	70¾	71
Harlem.	122	121
I. C.	112	109
Chicago & Alton	110	110
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	79	79¾
Merchant's Union Express		25

In Philadelphia the money market works easily for first class borrowers, the available supply of funds not only being ample, but in excess of current wants of the market, though there does not appear to be an absolute redundancy of funds at any of the usual sources. This fact is indicated by a more lively demand among brokers for call loans, which continue to range at 6 ⅌ cent. on good collaterals. On time and discounts the page continues unchanged, viz.: 7@8 ⅌ cent., the latter for highest grades of paper. At the Stock Board prices were without much change; sales of new City 6s 102. Reading Railroad quiet, and only limited sales at 50¾@50⅞; Pennsylvania sold freely at 56¾@56⅝; do. receipts at 50¾@55; Northern Central at 48; Little Schuylkill at 46¾@47, and Lehigh Valley at 63¾@63¾. 121 was bid for United Companies and Huntingdon & Broad Top preferred was offered at 76¾.

The Chicago money market is comfortable and easy at the regular and current rate at 10 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum. Grain men are the principal applicants; still the mercantile community receive all the assistance asked for. In the open market rates are quoted at 12@18 ⅌ month, according to the quality of the paper offered.

Most of the Cincinnati banks report a better demand for money, but as they are well supplied with funds they continue to discount freely for their regular depositors at 8@10 ⅌ cent. There is a good supply of private capital seeking investment, and first class paper is credited at 10 ⅌ cent. in the open market. In the outside brokers' market the rate varies from 10 to 15 ⅌ cent.

The supply of loanable funds in Boston is so far in excess of the demand that it is difficult to lend on call at 6 ⅌ cent. with first class collateral. Mercantile paper continues to move very slowly, and rates remain as previously quoted, ranging from 6@7 per cent. for choice names, and 7@8 ⅌ for other grades.

The foreign commerce of nine leading ports of the United States in the month of April of the current year amounted to $55,841,988 in imports, and $39,877,773 in exports. The nine ports are New York, Boston, San Francisco, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston and Mobile.

The Chesapeake & Delaware Canal Company announces a three per cent. dividend, payable on the 9th inst.

NEW YORK, June 5, 1873.

Money closed easy at from 4 to 5 per cent., having at as low as 3. Sterling was higher late in the day. The leading bankers advanced their rates to 10% for sixty days' sterling, but the market closed with actual business at 9, bevy asking rates. Gold was quiet and steady, opening at 118, and closing at 117⅝@117⅞. Loans were from 4 to 6 for carrying. Clearings $85,000,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $72,000. Government bonds were quiet, with a firm feeling at the close. State bonds were quiet. The stock market was temporarily dull. The annual reg tta of the New York Yacht Club took a large number of brokers and speculators from the street. There are no immediate importations of specie. Call money closing at from 4@5 to 5@6, and advanced to 6 per cent. at the close. The changes outside of that stock were unimportant. Erie rose from 42¾ to 43⅝, and left off strong at 43. Pacific Mail, Fifth avenue and Wabash were the most active. There are some vague rumors floating about of an intended amalgamation of interests between the Hannibal & St. Joseph and the Denver Pacific.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. s., coupons of 1881, 122¾; 5-20s of 1862, 116¾; do. 1864, 116¾; do. 1865, 118¾; do. 1865 new, 119¾; do. 1867, 121¾; do. 1868, 120; 10-40s, 112¾; new 5s, 113¾; currency 6's, 115¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri, 7s, 93; Virginia new, 80; do. old, 43; North Carolina, old, 29; do. new, 15.

RAILROAD BONDS.—Tennessee 6s, 74; Wabash, 1st, 79¾; Quicksilver, 1st, 73; Adams Express, 93; Wells, Fargo & Company's, 80; American, 67; Merchants Union Express, 67¾; U. S. Express, 70¾; Pacific Mail, 107; Western Union Telegraph, 84¾; Illinois Central, 110¾; Union Pacific, 28¾; Central Pacific, 81; Hannibal & St. Joseph's, 28¾; do. preferred, 73¾; Harlem, 131; do. preferred, 131; Michigan Central, 101¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 97¾; Northwestern, 84; do. preferred, 84; Rock Island, 109¾; New Jersey Central, 104¾; Erie, 43; do. preferred, 74; Ohio & Mississippi, 40; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 87¾; Burlington & Quincy, 112; Michigan Southern, 91¾; Illinois Central, 110¾; Union Pacific, 28¾; Central Pacific, 81; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 28¾; do. preferred, 73¾; Hartford & Erie, 2; Bankers' bills, 83¾.

LONDON, June 5.—Tallow 46s 6d. Turpentine 33s 6d.

PARIS, June 5.—Rentes 87 10c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, June 5, 1873.

APPLES—The arrivals during the past few days have been comparatively light, but the supply is fully equal to the demand, and prices remain unchanged, $2.50@3.50 per bbl. for common to fair, and $4@4.50 for prime to choice.

BUTTER—There is no improvement in the demand, and not withstanding the arrivals are comparatively small, the market is dull, and prices are barely maintained, ranging from 15@16 for inferior to fair, and 15 to 18 for prime to choice.

BEANS—Continue in light supply, and prices, in consequence, are fully sustained, ranging from $2.50@3.25 per bu., as to quality.

CABBAGE—The market is quiet and unchanged; 16 by the car load, and @3c more for small lots.

COUNTRY BACON—is apparently coming in freely, and the market is easier, but the weather has, as might be expected, has curtailed the demand, and prices are easier, though not quotably lower.

CANNED GOODS—Winslow's Corn is selling in a jobbing way at $2.25 per dozen. Tomatoes, $2.75@3; Peaches, $3@3.25 per dozen, as to brand cans. Peaches are slow, but holders are not inclined to force sales, preferring to carry their stock over until next season.

CHEESE—Continues to come in freely, but with a steady demand prices are fully sustained; sales at 11 to 12c, according to quality.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches continue dull and nominal at 6@6½ for halves and 6@7 for quarters and mixed. Apples, 3½@4c. Blackberries, 8@8½.

EGGS—The arrivals have fallen off materially within the past few days, and the market is firmer; we now quote at 12@13c.

FLOUR—Spring wheat extras are a shade easier in consequence of the recent decline in spring wheat, but as yet there is no quotable change in prices, which range from $7.50@7.75 for outside figure for choice Minnesotas. Winter wheat flours are still reported firm at unchanged at $8.75@9 for western red, and $9.50 for city. The advices from all points indicate a lower range of prices, hence, holders are more anxious to realize.

GRAIN—There is little or no call for Wheat in this market, as the mills are all full and prices are weak and drooping notwithstanding the offerings are light; we reduce our quotations to $1.37½@1.38 for red winter, and white may be quoted at $1.45@1.50—the second to be for choice and whatever just now. Oats also weak and drooping, and prices have undergone a decrease which may be quoted at 46@46c for mixed to prime white—one firm reported having sold some 10c to 12 cars of white within the past few days at 47c. Corn also dull, and notwithstanding the arrivals continue light prices are lower; we now quote at 41@42c for car lots, from in store or on track, and car partially "heated," at 40. We understand that several lots have been discovered in the elevator in this condition, and the owners or holders are more anxious to sell, hence, the tendency is downward. Rye is coming in more freely, and the market is weaker in consequence; we now quote at 82@90. No movement in Barley—little or none here and no call for it.

GROCERIES—Trade is fair, although it might be a good deal better—however, it is about what it usually is at this particular time; in regard to values there has been no change of any whatever. Coffee is at a stand; there is no movement in first hands, and while the feeling in consequence is scarcely as firm, prices are still sustained; importers claim to have the market well understood, and a further update and decline is not thought seemas to be generally conceded that prices are not likely to go much lower; several attempts have been made recently to "bull" the market, but they were failures. Molasses and Syrups unchanged.

Coffee—Rio, 25; Good to Prime, 22@24; Fair, 21@22c. Old Government Java, 30c; other Javas, 28@29c. Roasted Rio, 1 lb packages, 28c. Sugar-house Roasted Java, 32c.

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 12¾c; crushed, Granulated and Powdered, 11¾; Standard A, 10½; Extra C, 10c; C, 9½@9¾; Yellow, 9@9¾; Off C, 9@9½. Lower grades, 9@9½.

HAY—The market for bald continues exceedingly dull, and prices are weak and drooping; we reduce our quotations to $20@25—holders generally are anxious to realize, and present indications are that there will be a further decline.

ONIONS—Sales of new Bermudas at $7.50@8 ⅌ bbl.

POTATOES—Continue to come in more freely and the market is easier; Peach Blows quotable at 85 to 90c per bu., by the car load, $1 in a jobbing way. Sales of new crop at 65@75 ⅌ bu.

POULTRY—Live chickens, quotable at 75@85c per pair, according to size.

PROVISIONS—Sugar cured Hams per lb 14½c, canvassed do., 15c; Sugar Cured Shoulders, 11c, canvassed do., 11½; plain do., 10½; Sugar Rib Sides, 9½c; Clear Rib Sides, 10c; Clear Sides, 10½c; Clear Breakfast Bacon, 12½c, canvassed do., 13c; Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 18¾c, canvassed do., 19c; Mess Pork, $17.50 per bbl; Beef tongues, $7.50 per dozen; Prime Lard, in tierces, 9½@9¾c; kegs, 10½@10¾c; Prime Leaf, half bbls, 9½c; bbls, 10½c; Lard in 5 lb. cuddies, 12½c; do in 5 lb. tins, 12½c; do. in 3 lb. pails, 12½c; do. in 5 lb. pails, 13½c; do. in 6 lb. pails, 13¾.

HIDES—Quoted at 3¾@3½c.

SEEDS—There is a steady demand for Flax Seed at $2.10. No call for either Clover or Timothy.

WHISKY—Highwines continue firm and we advance our quotations to 90@87.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, THURSDAY, June 5, 1873.

CATTLE.

With more favorable advices from New York there was an increased demand to-day, and the market was unusually active, the pens before the close being pretty well cleared; in regard to prices there was no quotable change as compared with the preceding day; in some instances a slight advance was obtained, but we do not think it was general. The regular eastern buyers commenced buying yesterday afternoon, hence, today there was a brisk demand, about all the stock offering meeting with ready sale, and this, together with the fact that the receipts were comparatively light, country buyers having taken the bulk of the sales in the early part of the week, a firmer feeling was developed, and a further advance may yet be established before the close of the week. Prime to extra steers may be quoted at 6@6½; medium do., 5¾@6; common do., 5@5¾; fat cows and heifers are more anxious to sell, hence, the tendency is downward. Rye is coming in more freely, and the market is weaker in consequence; we now quote at 82@90. No movement in Barley—little or none here and no call for it.

GROCERIES—Trade is fair, although it might be a good deal better—however, it is about what it usually is at this particular time; in regard to values there has been no change of any whatever. Coffee is at a stand; there is no movement in first hands, and while the feeling in consequence is scarcely as firm, prices are still sustained; importers claim to have the market well understood, and a further update and decline is not thought seemas to be generally conceded that prices are not likely to go much lower; several attempts have been made recently to "bull" the market, but they were failures. Molasses and Syrups unchanged.

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HIDES—Quoted at 3¾@3½c.

SEEDS—There is a steady demand for Flax Seed at $2.10. No call for either Clover or Timothy seed at present

HOME NEWS.

The Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette, for Saturday next, is now printed. It contains very full and accurate reports of the five Republican Nominating Conventions held in this city on Tuesday last, (including the names of all the Delegates in attendance and the candidates nominated for the various offices) besides editorials on matters of interest, important market reports, and news from all parts of the world. Price five cents a copy, put up in wrappers ready for mailing, or $1.50 a year.

Letters Held for Postage.

Rev. D. Sarver, Leechburg, Pa.; 3c; Jno. S. Acker, Lossenburg, Pa., 3c; Wm. Hamilton, Rock Point, Pa., 3c; Fisher, Thomas & Co., East Birmingham, Pa., 3c.

City Smells.

New York is celebrated for what are called in hot weather "City Smells." We have never before known Pittsburgh to be so metropolitan in this respect as it is just now. Horrible smells assail you at various places throughout the city. The Health officers should remedy the evil if they would avert sickness. The condition of our streets are well nigh unendurable.

Buzz Saw Accident.

Yesterday afternoon a little son of Mr. J. G. Walthers was sent to Voeghtly & Copp's saw mill, on River avenue, Allegheny, to gather saw dust. The little fellow reached under a table where a buzz saw was in motion and had three fingers of one of his hands taken off by coming in contact with it. He was picked up and taken to his house, and Drs. Hardtmeyer and Hickel summoned.

Recovered His Watch.

On Wednesday evening Mr. George Weaver, Assistant Manager of the Allegheny Locomotive Works, had his gold watch, valued at two hundred and fifty dollars, taken from his pocket in a street car. He repaired to the Mayor's office yesterday with the intention of informing the detectives. Luckily there were no detectives present, and Mr. W. played detective for himself and recovered his watch in a pawn shop, where a man named Johnson had pawned it for forty dollars.

True Bills Against Hampton.

The true bills found against Hampton, the alleged bond robber, as noted yesterday, were for larceny and receiving stolen goods. Hampton figures in the indictment with two aliases, Little Horace and Morrison. The informations against him are made by C. L. Phillips and by Henry A. Wetter, Esq. The bills charge the receiving stolen goods, consisting of one bond issued by the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, No. 2,127, and valued at $500, and with stealing from the Exchange Bank on the 5th day of April, 1873, the aforesaid bond, $3,000 in U. S. legal tender notes and currency, sixty dollars in U. S. gold coin, and nine Eugene sovereigns. The case will likely come up for trial next Tuesday.

Allegheny City Buildings.

The plan for the proposed addition to City Hall, Allegheny, has been completed and will be reported to Council at the next meeting. It is proposed to build a wing running out from the centre of the building westwardly to the Second Diamond street. The style of architecture is to be the same as the present building. This wing will have a wide hall running through it as an extension of the hall now opening out on Federal street. The south half of the wing will be taken up with a private office for the Mayor, and private and public offices for the Controller. The northern half will be given to the City Engineer, and his present room will be used as a vault. The second floor of the wing will be devoted to committee rooms. The present office of the Controller will be given to the Board of Poor Directors, and thus, it is thought, are the officers who will be accommodated.

Saturday Night at Semple's.

The rule adopted at Semple's Dry Goods House, of closing at nine o'clock on Saturday nights, has been well received by the myriad patrons of the house, and there has been such a general compliance by patrons with the request made that they should make their purchases early, that the wisdom of the rule has been very clearly manifest. For their courtesy and patience and for their efforts to make the rule effective, Mr. Semple is duly grateful to his friends and in return, proposes to increase his efforts to satisfy their every demand for good goods at the lowest prices and for prompt attention, while the latter will be observed. He will be under obligations to all who will try to make their visits as early as possible Saturday.

The stock of goods on hand now is large and fresh, and unusually attractive, comprising many new novelties in all the departments, to which especial attention is directed. It is hardly possible that our readers will forget that SEMPLE'S is at 165 167 and 169 Federal street Allegheny.

The American Protestant Association.

The Worthy Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania held their annual meeting in Philadelphia a few days ago, W. G. M. John Mundell presiding. There was an unusually full attendance, and much interest was manifested in the proceedings. The reports of the officers, "Present Condition of the Work" and "Future Work in our Field." In the afternoon, the "Superintendent's Work in the Teacher's Meetings" was discussed—the cardinal points being as put by one speaker: "Be present at each and every time, even if the lesson is unfinished. To carry on the meetings successfully, you will have to work. No good thing can be obtained without labor. Be punctual. Be well impressed then are these: Get the teachers to attend, prepare yourself for the meetings; bring out the teachers in the meeting; and, finally, work." The remainder of the afternoon session was devoted to discussions on the "Superintendent in the School," it being argued that "a superintendent ought to know all his teachers and scholars. He ought to make his school a home. He should be punctual in opening and closing the sessions. He should have a regular system for his work, for nothing can be carried on successfully without an organized plan. Let the children upon the exercises by singing the praise of God. Use generally the black-board exercises. There is many a lesson which the teacher may be struck in this way. Finally, the Superintendent, though he does not teach the lesson should impress it and make it lasting."

In the evening Mr. Whitney, of Philadelphia, showed how the black-board in Sunday schools might be made effective, and Mr. Pardow pointed out some defects in Sunday school teaching, his main objection to the "preaching" style as against the "conversational."

The chief feature of the third day—yesterday, was the grand procession of Sunday school scholars, which consisted of nearly two thousand children and teachers, who marched through the principal streets and wound up at the Opera House, where a grand mass meeting was held, at which addresses were made by Mr. John R. Whitney, of Philadelphia, and Rev. J. D. Herr, of Oil City.

DEATH FROM HEMORRHAGE.

A Man Dies Suddenly at the Homeopathic Hospital.

On Wednesday evening a man giving his name as Thomas Duke came to the Homeopathic Hospital in a very weak and exhausted condition. He asked the matron for admittance, stating he had little or no money. His goods consisted of a carpet sack, with very little underclothing, which he carried with him. The man was suffering from consumption. Yesterday morning he took a severe fit of hemorrhage of the lungs, from which he died in about five minutes. As the man had no money or friends, word was sent to Mr. Fortune, Superintendent of the Poor, to have permission given to have the man buried at the expense of the county. This, it is alleged, he positively refused to do, and Mr. Aiken, the undertaker, buried him, running the risk of receiving his pay from the county. The man was about thirty-eight years of age, had worked in Limestone as a miner, and left a wife and family in Cumberland county, England.

"The Two Worlds."

Those who indulge in the use of tobacco are always anxious to know where the best can be had, and will be grateful to us for calling attention to the Navy brand, which is now in store at the well-known house of Messrs. John Wilson and Son, No. 297 Liberty street. The firm have given to this speciality of theirs, in the tobacco line, the title of "The Two Worlds," and under that name it has become celebrated in the county almost wherever tobacco is used. Some idea of the charge of "The Two Worlds" may be gleaned from the fact that Messrs. Wilson & Son, accompany it with their guarantee, that it has no equal in the market, and their reputation goes with it to every purchaser.

This brand is for sale only in Pittsburgh by this firm, and dealers who wish to secure a supply should not forget that fact. Those who have used it heretofore find its sale so ready that they are not likely to forget where such a popular article can be found; others who have not yet tried the "Two Worlds" will find it greatly to their advantage to get it on sale as soon as possible, for when once a "lover of the weed" has tried it, its sale is always thereafter secure. Messrs. Wilson & Son, No. 297 Liberty street, have a large stock on hand, and all orders will receive prompt attention, and the goods give entire satisfaction.

Monongahela Wharf.

The Monongahela Wharf Committee of Councils held a meeting yesterday afternoon, in Municipal Hall. The receipts and expenditures are as follows:

Receipts for April	$1,260 00
" " May	1,013 33
	$2,213 33
Expenditures for April	$143 33
" " May	143 33
	$286 66
SOUTH SIDE WHARF.	
Receipts for April	$207 60
" " May	205 75
	$412 75
Expenditures for April	$162 38
" " May	307 14
	$469 42

A resolution was passed instructing the Wharfmaster to put the wharf in proper repair.

The Sunday School Convention.

The second day's session of the State Sunday School Convention, at Titusville, was taken up with the discussion, this morning, of the "Present Condition of the Work" and "Future Work in our Field." In the afternoon, the "Superintendent's Work in the Teacher's Meetings" was discussed—the cardinal points being as put by one speaker: "Be present at each and every time, even if the lesson is unfinished. To carry on the meetings successfully, you will have to work. No good thing can be obtained without labor. Be punctual. Be well impressed then are these: Get the teachers to attend, prepare yourself for the meetings; bring out the teachers in the meeting; and, finally, work." The remainder of the afternoon session was devoted to discussions on the "Superintendent in the School," it being argued that "a superintendent ought to know all his teachers and scholars. He ought to make his school a home. He should be punctual in opening and closing the sessions. He should have a regular system for his work, for nothing can be carried on successfully without an organized plan. Let the children upon the exercises by singing the praise of God. Use generally the black-board exercises. There is many a lesson which the teacher may be struck in this way. Finally, the Superintendent, though he does not teach the lesson should impress it and make it lasting."

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THE LIBRARY LECTURES.

The Past Season—The Popularity of the Different Lecturers as Guaged by the Sale of Tickets—The Hindrances and Success of the Season.

There are few of our readers who have not pleasant memories of "the season" of lectures afforded by the Library Association, and the reminescences of these pleasures past will make the report of the Lecture Committee doubly interesting. Heretofore the committee have been content to publish their statement in the annual reports, but the present year they have been induced to finish up their labors a little earlier, and the appended statement is the result. It was just completed yesterday, and contains many new and interesting facts, not the least of which is the relative popularity of the different lecturers as guaged by the sale of tickets.

To the President and Board of Directors of Young Men's Mercantile Library Association of Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN: The Lecture Committee for the course of 1872-73 would respectfully offer the following report:

During the season just closed, sixteen lectures were given in the regular course, and one independent lecture and reading.

Before the commencement of the lectures, the committee sold 827 season tickets, admitting the holders to the entire regular course.

The lecturers, and their subjects are as follows, and we also add as a matter of interest, the number of single admission tickets sold at the door for each lecture:

November 15, 1872—Rev. A. A. Willett's, D. D., "Moonshine," tickets sold, 178.

December 13—Edmund Yates, L.L. D., "Princes of the Pen," 227.

December 20—Rev. S. F. Scovel, "Rome," free.

January 4, 1873—Bishop M. Simpson, D. D., "The Last Ten Years," 413.

January 10—Bret Harte; "The Argonauts of '49," 470.

January 18—Mrs. M. A. Livermore, "Marriage vs. Free Love," 319.

January 22—Prof. Sanborn Tenny, "The Antiquity of the Earth," 108.

January 29—Miss Lillian Edgarton, "The Coming Woman," 216.

January 31—Rev. George McDonald, "Macbeth," 233.

February 3—Hon. George W. Curtis, "The Women of the Oden Time, and Now," 561.

February 7—John B. Gough, "Peculiar People," 855.

February 8—John B. Gough, matinee, "Temperance," 973.

January 11—John B. Gough, "Circumstances," 891.

February 25—Prof. E. S. Morse, "How Animals Grow," 43.

February 27—Prof. E. S. Morse, "How Animals Eat," 57.

March 7—Wendell Phillips, "Inferences from Foude," 406.

March 8—Daniel Dougherty, "Orators and Oratory," 1,054.

December 7, 1872—Miss Cushman, Reading "Macbeth."

February 19, 1873—Rev. H. W. Beecher, "Manhood vs. Money."

During the early part of the season we were singularly unfortunate, and it seemed as if everything was working against us, and that the course would be a failure. First, Bishop Simpson's lecture was postponed on account of the failure in the supply of gas, caused by the strike among the employes of the gas works; then Rev. E. H. Chapin, D. D., was unable to fill his engagement on account of the death of Hon. Horace Greeley, who was a member of his church, and at whose funeral he officiated. Next, Daniel Dougherty failed us on account of a severe illness. This evening, however, Rev. R. S. Scovel, of this city, after much persuasion consented to lecture on a notice of but a few hours, and for which kindness the Committee desire to express their grateful appreciation. The Hon. Henry A. Wilber was compelled to cancel his engagement on account of illness in his family, and the Rev. W. H. H. Murray, by the order of his physicians, withdrew from the lecture field. We were fortunate, however, in being able to secure Bret Harte and Miss Lilian Edgarton to take their places.

These failures were the cause of much anxiety to us, and added much to our labors, as it caused the almost certain reconstruction of our course. It was the more annoying as the Committee had arranged and published in advance, for the first time, the lecturer, subject and date of each lecture for the entire course.

Notwithstanding these discouragements, our total receipts (see report of C. B. Shea, Treasurer, appended to this report), were $9 470.27, the expenditures $6,446.18, resulting in a net profit to the Library of $3,024.09, the largest return ever made by any Lecture Committee. In addition, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher delivered a lecture under the joint auspices of the American Literary Bureau and the Lecture Committee, resulting in a handsome addition to our treasury.

The Committee were also fortunate in securing Miss Charlotte Cushman for one of her renowned Shakspearean Readings, which was highly appreciated by our lecture goers as well as profitable to us.

To meet the wishes of our suburban citizens, as well as those of our neighboring towns, to hear Mr. Gough, we tried the experiment at an afternoon lecture, and though it was the first one ever given in Pittsburgh, it proved a most decided success. The sale of season tickets with reserved seats, filled for the first time this season, exceeded our highest expectations. Every seat but one in section "A" was sold, and to meet an urgent demand, a second sale resulted in the disposal of a majority of the seats in section "B" at increased rates, many of the holders of regular tickets availing the motives of the increase of about 500 members is reported in this jurisdiction. There are now 111 Lodges in the State of Pennsylvania, with about 8,000 members. The question of the Centennial Celebration was discussed at length, addresses being made by Messrs. James Smith, John Mundell, John Gilkey, James Bigger and Joseph McKenney, and the Grand Lodge unanimously resolved to subscribe for fifty shares of the stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. After transacting secret business the Grand Lodge finally adjourned, the session being closed in due form.

Submitted in behalf of the Lecture Committee of 1872—73.

A. H. LANE, Chairman.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1873.

Synopsis of the report of C. B. Shea, Treasurer:

Dr.	
Cash from season tickets	$2,164 00
Cash from reserved seats in "A"	1,350 00
Cash from reserved seats in "B"	400 00
Cash from lectures	5,220 75
Cash from commissions, &c	295 52
	$9,470 27
Cr.	
Cash paid lecturers	$3,621 00
Cash paid hall rent	1,275 00
Cash paid expenses	1,542 18
Cash paid tickets returned	8 00
Profit and loss	3,024 09
	$9,470 27

STREET COMMITTEE.

Their Meeting Last Night—Improvements Ordered—New sewers to be Put Down—The Contracts Let—The Wooden Pavement Question.

Last evening the Street Committee of City Councils held a meeting in the Common Council chamber, Chairman Evan Jones presiding, and George Booth secretary.

A large number of petitions, &c., were received. Those acted upon are noted as follows:

Petition for change of grade on Overhill street, and remonstrance against same referred to a sub Committee. There was a similar reference in the matter of sewer on Thirty-eighth street, opening of Bates alley, and the question of the practicability of change of grade on Penn avenue from Twenty-ninth to Forty-second streets.

Ordinances were ordered to be prepared as follows: For board walk on Railroad street, Thirty second ward; board walk on Bedford street to Wilbert, Thirty-second ward; extension of School alley sewer to Donahue's line.

A petition from citizens of the Fourth ward was read. Complaint was made in it that foul odors escaped through the sewer drops on Penn avenue, at its intersection with Eighth street, and a request made for the new style of drops. The Street Commissioner was ordered to make the improvement.

Mr. West moved that the Street Commissioners of the Fifth and Sixth districts, South Side, be allowed $7 per month for office rent. Carried.

Mr. Semple presented a report from the sub-committee recommending payment of Contractor O'Rourke, in addition to his contract for grading of Overhill street, on account of changes made. The matter was referred to the City Engineer.

Mr. Fulton offered a report from a sub-committee setting forth that in their opinion, after an examination of the ground, the opening of Union street, from Fifth avenue to Liberty street, would be a public benefit, and should be carried out.

An ordinance for the opening of Modoc alley, in the Seventeenth ward, was, on motion of Mr. McMahon, ordered.

A resolution was adopted instructing the City Engineer to inquire into the practicability of making an uniform grade on Fourth avenue, from Smithfield to Grant street.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Riddell, McKee, Semple, Fulton and Maple was appointed to inquire into the matter of the widening of Fifth avenue, from Ross to Grant street.

The letting of the contract for the grading and paving of Tunnel and Fountain streets, was postponed, and a new advertisement for proposals ordered.

The following contracts were let: Butler street to Thirty-third street, to Finan & Philips, at $5.90 per lineal foot, $17 for man holes, and $125 for drops; Clark street, 20 inch pipe sewer, from Miller to Elm street, to Wilson & McGrew, at $4.15 per lineal foot, $75 per manhole, $17 for drops; Elm street, from Center avenue, three feet brick sewer, to Finan & Philips, at $5.40 per lineal foot; $15 manholes, $130 for drops; twenty inch pipe sewer on Seventeenth street, to Joseph Hastings, $2.50 per lineal foot, $20 for manholes, $75 for drops; twenty inch pipe sewer on Fourteenth street, to Joseph Hastings for $2.50 per lineal foot, $20 for manholes, $75 for drops; twenty inch pipe sewer on Reed alley, to Michael Joice and Thomas Moffitt for $2.60 per lineal foot, $35 for manholes, $40 for drops; twenty inch pipe sewer on Sycamore street to McQuade & Co., $3.85 per foot, $40 for manholes, $70 for drops; grading, paving and curbing of Charlotte street to Frank Armstrong, 40 cents per cubic yard, $1.09 per yard for paving, 79 cents for curbing and 73 cents for crossings.

A resolution was offered for the appointment of a committee of five, with the Engineer as chairman, to examine thoroughly the various wooden pavements &c., &c., and report. This occasioned considerable discussion, in which some members denounced the wooden pavements as worthless, and that the method of improving streets with them offered a fine field for corruption.

After some further discussion the question was postponed temporarily, and the committee adjourned.

BREVITIES.

....Pittsburgh Councils will hold a regular meeting next Monday afternoon.

....There was a long fight yesterday in the Twelfth ward, for fifty dollars a side.

....Senator Ames and wife, of Mississippi, were at the Union Depot Hotel yesterday, en route East.

....The Committee on Wooden Buildings of City Councils, held a meeting last evening, but transacted no business of importance.

....Commencement exercises of the pupils of the Western University, will be held in the Third Presbyterian church, June 7.

....On Wednesday night a number of outbuildings in the rear of a residence, about a mile from Temperanceville, were destroyed by fire.

....Coroner West yesterday held an inquest on the body of a much decomposed infant, found in the Alleghany river. A verdict of "found drowned" was rendered.

....A conversation meeting will be held by Mrs. Cutler, at the private residence No. 107 Arch street, Allegheny, this evening. Ladies and gentlemen are cordially invited.

....The Great Western Lodge, Knights of Pythias, will turn out in uniform to-morrow evening, and preceded by the Great Western Band, will march to the hall of the Lodge on Penn avenue.

....The Rival Railroad Companies have buried the hatchet, in so far as freights are concerned and shippers over the Connellsville route and the Pennsylvania Central will now pay the same rates.

....A life size plaster of Paris bust of Baron Von Humboldt has been presented to the schools of the Humboldt District by Henry Saig, Esq., a member of the Board of Directors. It will be put over the main entrance hall of the Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth ward public school building.

....Chaplain Dermitt yesterday performed in the county jail, the hymenial service which linked the matrimonial fortunes of John Beckman and Emma Kraft. By taking society's self into matrimonial yoke, John escaped the yoke of the law, and was made free after a fortnight's experience of jail life.

....Within the last year, the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company has leased the old Hollidaysburg Pittsburgh Railroads, and now extends its direct line to Lake Erie, feeding it with important branches. This company has control of three hundred miles of track, and the present year will control fully five hundred miles.

....Robert S. Dudley and his wife, mentioned in the GAZETTE as having been arrested in Boston on charges of robbing the mails and forging drafts, and who have been ordered to be brought here for trial in the United States District Court, will probably arrive to-day or to-morrow. Mrs. Dudley formerly resided in Allegheny, and her maiden name was Sheridan.

....Fred Stein, the young man who was so severely beaten at the Union Depot, on Wednesday night, by officer Colton, was fined three dollars and costs by the Mayor yesterday morning, who at the same time expressed the opinion that the policeman had been unnecessarily rough. Stein, it is said, will enter suit against Colton for assault and battery.

....Yesterday afternoon a little boy named Raymond, whose parents reside on Penn avenue near Eleventh street, was quite seriously injured by being run over by a buggy, at the corner of Penn avenue and Eleventh street. Officer Quirk picked up the boy and carried him to his home. The gentleman who was in the buggy immediately stopped after the accident and rendered all the assistance in his power. The occurrence was purely accidental.

FIRST EXCURSION

Over the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon New Narrow Gauge Railroad Since its Completion to Castle Shannon, on Thursday, June 5.

Experienced railroad men who have examined this road pronounce it among the best built roads of the country. Attend the sale of lots on above date. Enjoy the novelty of the scenery and the ride. See the new road and purchase a cheap, convenient and desirable home.

The Improvement Trust Company invites all who wish to attend their great sale of Lots, to call at their office, 75 Fourth avenue, and get free tickets to visit and examine the property previous to the sale. Sale takes place Monday, June 9.

Have You Bought Your Lot Yet?

If not, buy it on the second mortgage plan, and then you can get a house built on credit and your rent will pay for house and lot. Of all the lot operators now before the public, none except the Homestead Bank *have faith enough in the value of their lots* to take a second mortgage. Its next sale is on Monday next, at Homestead Terrace, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad and Wildwood avenue, two miles this side of Verona. Large lots will sell for very small prices, in ten payments without interest.

A Brass Band

will accompany the excursion train to Montrose for the great sale of lots, Monday, June 9.

Buy Your Lot on the Second Mortgage Plan.

Of all the lot operators now before the public, *none have faith enough in the value of their property* to take a second mortgage except the Homestead Bank. Its next excursion and auction is on Monday next, to Homestead Terrace, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad and Wildwood avenue, two miles this side of Verona. Large lots will sell for very small prices, in ten payments without interest.

Examine the lots at Montrose before purchasing elsewhere.

Free Annual Passes

will be issued by the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company, to purchasers of lots at Castle Shannon, who erect dwelling houses thereon. The passes will be good for two years from the day of their date. This is the only company offering lots for sale that can offer this great advantage to purchasers. Sale at Castle Shannon on Thursday, June 5.

Homestead Terrace.

HOMESTEAD TERRACE.
HOMESTEAD TERRACE
MONDAY, JUNE 9.
MONDAY, JUNE 9.
MONDAY, JUNE 9.

The excursion starts from Union Depot at 9:30 A. M.

A Lunch

will be provided for the excursionists to Montrose, at the great sale of lots, Monday, June 9.

Of All the Lot Operators.

Now in the market *none have faith enough* in the value of their property to take a second mortgage except the Homestead Bank.

Its next excursion and auction is on Monday next to Homestead Terrace, on the A. V. R. R. and Wildwood avenue. This property is very beautiful, well watered and will be sold on the Homestead Bank's liberal terms, and at astonishingly low prices.

The train leaves the Union Depot at 9:30 A. M. A delightful time guaranteed.

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS.

The Twelfth Anniversary—Interesting Exercises by the Children—Annual Address by Dr. Hornblower—The Reports and Election of Officers.

Last evening the Twelfth Anniversary of the Home for the Friendless was held in the Central Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, Rev. W. H. Gill, pastor. The interest taken in the institution was attested by the very large attendance of ladies and gentlemen, who manifested the liveliest sympathy with the children and their benefactors—the ladies who have the Home under their especial patronage.

The church had been prepared for the occasion by the erection of a platform across the west end, taking in the pulpit, and upon this platform the children from the Home found room. The front of the pulpit was decorated with flowers and evergreens; large rustic stands filled with luxuriant flowers were placed at either side, and other floral decorations served to make the aerial auditorium of the church doubly beautiful and attractive.

The exercises commenced at a quarter to eight o'clock, Rev. Dr. A. A. Hodge of the North Presbyterian Church presiding. After the usual preparatory devotional exercises, the children entertained their friends with a pleasing melange of dialogues, declamations, and songs, which were very heartily enjoyed. One especial feature was worthy of note—crowning the May Queen—in the performance of which, one little girl sitting on a chair was surrounded by her juvenile friends, who danced around her gleefully, sang Mayday songs,—echoes of which came back from the gallery on the opposite side of the church, where two little singers had been placed,—and finally wound up by the placing of a wreath of flowers upon the Queen's head, the action being accompanied by a brief poetical address from the leader of the happy throng. It was an exquisite performance and received great praise.

Following the children's exercises the reports of the officers were read, from which it appears that there were 108 children in the Home, and that general prosperity had marked the management of the institution during the year. The benevolently inclined had been quite liberal with their contributions, so that the Treasurer's account showed a balance of $4,000,—this large sum being in a measure explained by the fact that a bequest had been received out of the Brewer Fund. Many instances were given of the work being done in the institution, and the reports gave ample evidence that the Home was doing a good and worthy work.

After the reports had been read Rev. Dr. Hornblower, of the Theological Seminary, delivered the anniversary address which was well received. The old managers of the Home were re-elected and the exercises being concluded the people dispersed.

A notable feature of the affair was the exceedingly correct department of the children, who went through their performances with remarkable precision and gave an attention to the whole proceedings that was surprising from such juvenile listeners.

Stay at Home.

We believe this to be good advice to those who are thinking of going East to purchase carriages, pleasure wagons, and vehicles of that description, for they can secure a better article at C. West & Co.'s, Nos. 75, 77 and 79 Liberty street. This firm have a large assortment on hand of carriages, road wagons, carryalls, buggies, with or without tops, the celebrated "Sulkaday," phaetons, and vehicles of every description, which in price and quality and finish they will place in comparison with anything of the kind ever turned out of a manufactory.

Buy a Lot

at Montrose, where the streets are graded and other public improvements perfected; where prices are low and terms easy; where home can be made pleasant, and where life will be cheerful because health prevails. Great sale of lots Monday, June 9.

LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD.

Annual Report of the President—A Flattering Exhibit—The Road in Excellent Condition—The Financial Situation all Right—The Credit of the Company Among the Best—Full Details of Last Year's Business.

Another year having closed, it becomes our duty to make an exhibit of our business.

In the first place we can say that we have gone through the year without any misfortune happening to either life or limb, a circumstance almost unparalleled in the history of railroading. We have also made a reasonable year's work, and have used our best energies to conduct the business to the interest of all concerned.

Our receipts have been as follows:

Total receipts	$56,671 76
Cash on hand per last year's report	7,655 52
Total resources	$64,327 28
Our disbursements have been as follows:	
Repairs to locomotives	$ 3,526 98
Running expenses	5,586 66
Blacksmithing	1,617 53
Repairs to cars	2,079 61
" railroad	2,616 86
Tippling and loading coal	4,717 16
Salaries	1,947 50
Miscellaneous expenses	335 65
Repairs to steam pumps	45 20
Tools	128 66
Office expenses	17 65
Tonnage tax	3,766 82
Taxes (State, county, borough and township)	1,939 40
Interest on bonds	2,468 66
Interest and discount	483 75
Total operating expenditures	$31,269 09
Leaving a balance of	$33,058 19
Disbursements of which have been as follows:	
Paid dividends	$4,735 00
Obehelman for Right of Way	$500 00
For widening, grading and stoning Washington turnpike, being part of condition of Right of Way	4,353 41
Jas. Wood & Co. for Right of Way	779 50
Total damages	5,632 91
Construction of new trestle and road, stone masonry, &c	933 58
Timber	4 662 42
Iron	4 929 20
Labor	3 772 11
Total construction	13 697 31
Total construction, damages included	18,830 22
Built 6 new cars @ $200	1,200 00
Improved construction of 28 cars @ $33 each	924 00
	2,124 00
Cash on hand May 1, 1873	3 578 96
Balances outstanding	3,790 01
	7,368 97
	$33,058 19

RECAPITULATION.

Cash on hand May 1, 1872	$7,655 52
Total receipts for the year	56,671 76
	64,327 28
Total expenditures for the year	56,958 31
Outstanding balances	3,790 01
Cash on hand May 1, 1873	3,578 96
	64,327 28

The change of location of part of our road is now nearly completed, the trestle work is constructed for a double track, and we have taken room for double track the entire length of the new superstructure. Our aim has been to make the same of the most approved kind. Some things could not be foreseen, and we may have some little errors, but in the main we trust it may meet with your approval.

The machinery is in good running order, except the "Economy" engine, which may be overhauled and put in fair condition.

We have got a set of good steel tyre on the "Wm. Penn" engine during the year and is now in very good order.

The number of cars is now 65, having increased the number 21 since I took charge of the road, by purchasing 13 and building 8.

The old funded debt of the Company is $26,166 67

The new funded debt of the Company is 4,550,00

Total	$30,716 67
Funded debt made floating during the year	$2,500 00

The last two items have grown out of the purchase from the Economy Society, the upper portion of our landing.

The improvements, exclusive of working expenses, since August, 1868, when I took charge of the road, have been as follows:

Paid off bonds to the amount of	$17,000 00
Built new tipples	13,170 29
Built trestle work	1,543 99
Paid damages to John Young, incurred before August, 1868	5,573 61
Replaced strap with T iron on one mile of the road	7,040 00
Changed ten bad curves	3,270 65
Purchased 13 cars	1,300 00
Built office	1,149 18
Built eight new cars	1,600 00
Improved 28 cars	924 00
New trestle and road	18,830 22

Total improvements and expenditures $71,401 94

A. D. 1868, paid dividend of 10 per cent.
A. D. 1870, paid dividend of 10 per cent.
A. D. 1871, paid dividend of 10 per cent.
A. D. 1872, paid dividend of 10 per cent.

The stock of the company is now $100,000.00. The credit of the company is now good, we believe, all over the United States, as we are in constant receipt of circulars from all branches of trade soliciting our patronage, and any material we order from eastern cities or elsewhere is promptly forwarded, and the check of the company passes current in payment at all points, and as the road is now in good repair and the finances in a good condition, I hereby decline serving the company any longer in my present position.

Submitted,
WM. ESPY, President.

SUMMER SILKS! SUMMER SILKS!

Extraordinary Bargains—Immense Stock.

Hugus & Hacke will open on Monday, the 23 instant, the largest and most complete stock of striped silks ever brought to this city, embracing over two hundred pieces of the latest novelties in style and color. Following are some of the leading shades of color:

Turquoise,
Azuline,
Resida,
Virgine,
Saumone,
Atlantique,
Lavande,
Ecru,
Salamandre,
Argente,
Aquatique,
Baliste,
Christiana, &c., &c.

The above are well worthy attention, being the best goods in the market, and are thirty per cent. less than last month's prices.

HUGUS & HACKE,
Fifth avenue and Market street.

The Enterprise

of the Improvement Trust Company in laying out and improving the village of Montrose goes ahead of anything of the kind heretofore attempted. Great sale Monday, June 9.

1,000 Acres.

The property offered for sale by the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company on Thursday, June 5, is embraced in a selection of over 250 acres of the company's purchase of about 1,000 acres as the finest located property in this large tract, all of which is very desirable. It is not necessary that visitors or purchasers should have much ready taste to be sure about the selection of Castle Shannon property as a suburban home in preference to any other now in the market.

Mount Lebanon.

On Tuesday, June 10, will be offered for sale some of the most beautiful and desirable country seats and building lots now in the market. This property is located near Bankville station, on the Little Saw Mill Run Railroad, and but four and a half miles from the Court House. The society is good, and churches, stores, and schools are convenient. The lots are large, ranging from 75 by 150 to 50 by 150 in size, and fronting on streets from 50 to 60 feet in width. Their location is on Washington avenue, only two and a half miles from the city limits. Carriages in waiting at the head of the Incline Plane, Mount Washington, at 10 A. M. to convey purchasers to and from the grounds free of charge.

Improvements.

Purchasers of lots at Montrose are not required to wait a life time for those improvements which make a home comfortable, as this village already has graded streets, water works and public parks.

The Second Mortgage Plan

Enables the purchaser to get credit for the building of his house.

Only the Homestead Bank has faith enough in its property to take a second mortgage. Its next sale is on Monday next at Homestead Terrace. The train leaves Union Depot at 9:30 A. M.

Dr. Warner

Removed to No. 10 North (late Hand) street, near the old Hand street bridge. 6682

Land is becoming too valuable in the city of Pittsburgh to be occupied for manufacturing sites. The money that could be realized from the sale of it would run the works at Montrose. Great sale of Lots, Monday, June 9.

The New Passenger Incline

of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad will be completed soon. The engines and hoisting apparatus are finished and ready for use. The incline will make a continuous road from Carson street to Castle Shannon—the garden-spot of Allegheny county. Free passes, good for two years from their date, will be given to purchasers of lots who build residences thereon. Sale June 5.

The Great Western Band

has been engaged to furnish the music for the Castle Shannon sale, June 5. Free lunch served on the grounds. Excursion trains every hour from 8 A. M. on the day of sale.

Montrose.

The West Penn Railroad running through this village, brings it within thirty five minutes ride of the business portion of the city, being less than by street car to Butler street, Lawrenceville.

Market Gardeners

Can secure market farms at the auction sales at Castle Shannon, June 4. The land is unusually desirable for gardening purposes. Soil very fertile, well watered, favorably and pleasantly located, and will be sold cheap. A *free pass* over the Castle Shannon Railroad will be given to the purchaser of every garden farm who lives upon his purchase. Pass good for two years.

Two wards have been added to the village of Montrose since last summer.

Ten Dollars

Advance, and small monthly payments, place a Wood Sewing Machine within the reach of every one, and make the outlay necessary to secure one very slightly felt.

TAXPAYERS' UNION.

Regular Bi-Weekly Meeting Last Evening—Resolutions Adopted—Some Lively Speeches and Personalities—What was Done—Councils to be Requested to Ask a Change of Viewers—Dissatisfaction with Assessments.

Last evening, in the Franklin School House, the Taxpayers' Union of the Seventh and Eighth wards held their regular bi-weekly meeting. The meeting was called to order at half-past eight o'clock by Alderman Shore, the President.

The Secretary, Mr. H. Ray, Jr., read the minutes of the previous meeting, which were approved.

The report of the Executive Committee was then called for, but the chairman of that Committee not being present, Capt. Ward arose and stated that they had many things on hand, which would receive their attention as soon as possible. He said the resolution adopted in regard to the "bond" business which was to have been given to the sitting member from the ward, to be presented to Councils at its last meeting was not presented to that body because they had not got it in hand to present. He said, however, it would be presented to Councils on Monday next.

Capt. Ward, I arise to another point of order. There is a resolution before the meeting.

The Chair—The resolution is passed.

Mr. Martin—I object to that. I object, when Capt Ward stated he believed that he himself had been out of order, and ought to be ruled accordingly.

On motion of Mr. Ray, Mr. Martin was asked to give his views.

Mr. Martin then went on in a bland-like way to express that the old bond business in its entire phase was wholly the fault of the people, who at one time were willing to repudiate the debt of the city, when they should have stood like men for its credit. He could not see how they could get back their bonds. He thought it was like the Irishman's bucket—at the bottom of the sea. He said the people had no need to be afraid of political tricksters, if they would only be honest with themselves.

Capt. Ward arose, and replied to Mr. Martin, rather in a personal and sarcastic way. He alluded to the gentleman riding several steeds at once and straddling none. He thought the gentleman tried to keep on the right side of the fence, without any fear of injuring his popularity. He accused him of throwing cold water on the tax payer's movement of which he was one of the principal organizers.

Mr. Martin replied to Captain Ward, and accused him of rats representing him. He closed by saying that he thought the gentleman, instead of being cooled by his cold-water remarks, had got decidedly heated.

Mr. O'Keefe then gave an explanation of the bond transaction, and he thought that the Union had accomplished one good work in laying the whole matter before the people. He then read an article from a city paper in regard to the secret sessions of the Councils, and offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, As citizens and taxpayers we deem it proper to express our opinion that there is something wrong when committees of Councils, transacting city business in closed doors, and th